

Table 5A-13. Bald eagle territories and nesting status through 2003 in the general vicinity of the Klamath River Hydroelectric Project*.

Territory Name	Closest Associated Project Section	First Year Known	Ownership	Confirmed Young Fledged 1998-2003	Young Fledged in 2002	Young Fledged in 2003	Nearest Facility	Distance to the Nearest Facility (feet)
Moore Park East (Oregon)	Link River	1992	City	5	2	2	Westside canal	4,300
Moore Park / Wocus Pass (Oregon)	Link River	1978	City/Private	7	0	2	Link River dam	7,600
Klamath River / Chase Mtn. (Oregon)	J.C. Boyle reservoir	1979	BLM	6	0	0	J.C. Boyle dam	9,300
Topsy (Oregon)	J.C. Boyle reservoir	1998	BLM	5	0	0	J.C. Boyle dam	3,900
Klamath River Canyon (Oregon)	J.C. Boyle peaking reach	1979	Private	4	0	0	J.C. Boyle powerhouse	18,800
Pony Express (Oregon)	J.C. Boyle peaking reach	2001	BLM	3	3	0	J.C. Boyle powerhouse	37,300
Lucky Springs (California)	J.C. Boyle peaking reach	1983	USFS	4	Unknown	Inactive ¹	Copco dam	27,200
Copco Dam (California)	Copco reservoir	2003	Private	-na-	-na-	Inactive	Copco dam	540
Jenny Creek (California)	Iron Gate / Fall Creek	1985	BLM	unknown	2	0	Fall Creek canal	3,200
Black Mountain (California)	Lower River	2002	Federal	2	1	1	Iron Gate dam	30,800

* Productivity data provided by Frank B. Issacs and the Oregon Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Unit with additional data provided by C. Cheyne, District Wildlife Biologist, USFS, Goosenest Ranger District, Klamath National Forest.

¹ Inactive indicates that no eagles were observed at a nest or within a breeding territory (0 = No young fledged within an “active” breeding territory).

BLM = U.S. Bureau of Land Management

USFS = U.S. Forest Service.