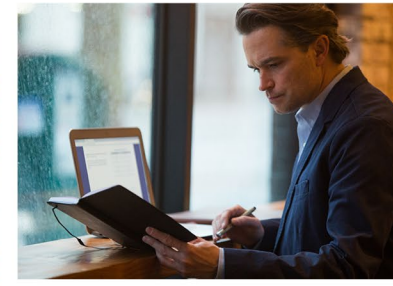


Clean Energy Plan Engagement Series

Kick Off Meeting

February 24, 2023



Clean Energy Plan Engagement Series Kick Off

February 24, 2023, 1-4 p.m. PT

This meeting will be recorded

For a Better Meeting Experience



Spanish or ASL?

- Navigate to "Interpretation" at the bottom of Zoom
- Select "ASL" under Watch or "Spanish" under Audio
- If the interpretation icon is missing, try the "More" icon



Use Gallery View (icon at top right) when in group discussion



For technical support, chat "Tag G-D / E Source" as recipient, and send your message



- Questions are welcome at any time
- Please mute until speaking
- Speak by clicking the "Raise Hand" in the tool bar

Agenda

TIMING	TOPIC
1 p.m.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Purpose & Today's Objectives• Today's Presenters
1:10 p.m.	2023 Stakeholder Engagement Clean Energy Plan Engagement Series
1:30 p.m.	Clean Energy Plan Basics Integrated Resource Planning + CEP
2:20 p.m.	Community Benefit Indicators (CBI)
2:50 p.m.	BREAK
3:00 p.m.	Community Based Renewable Energy
3:30 p.m.	Public Comment
3:45pm	Wrap up & next steps

Clean Energy Plan Engagement Series Purpose

Provide an integrated lens on clean energy planning with expanded learning opportunities to foster a deeper understanding of programs and outreach while gathering public input

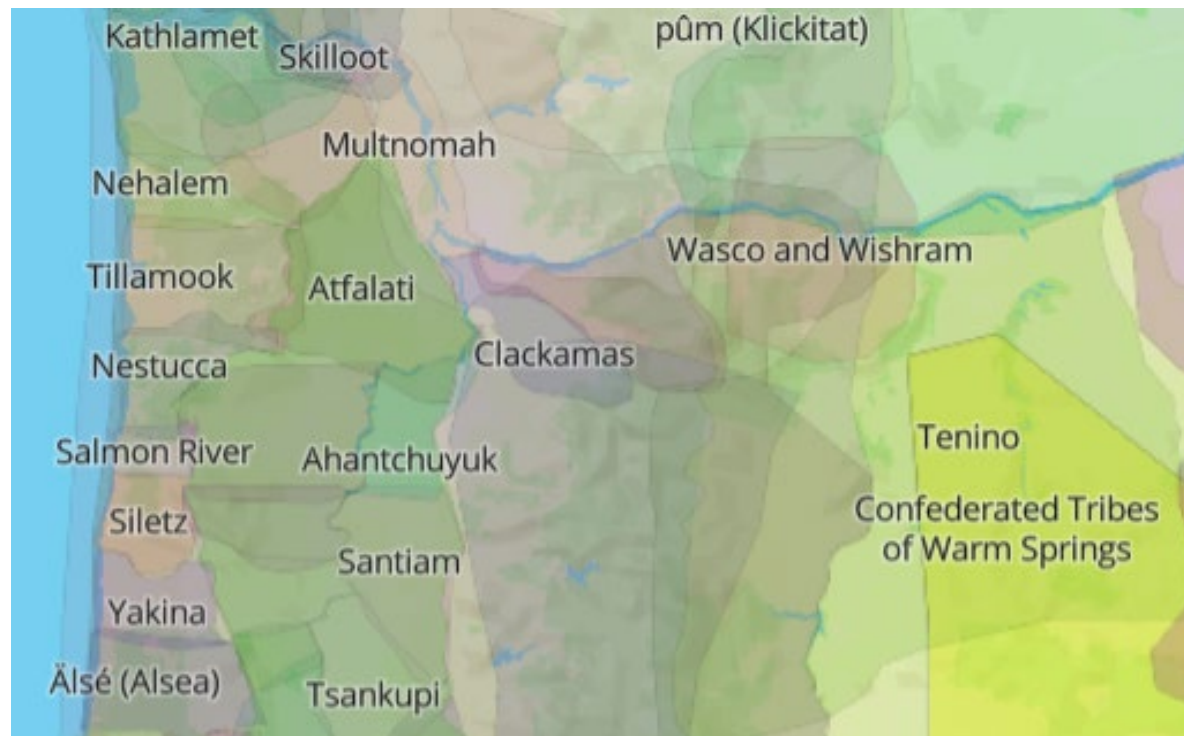
Today's Objectives

1. Create a shared understanding of the relationship between the Clean Energy Plan and Integrated Resource Planning
2. Achieve broader stakeholder engagement and a wide range of feedback on key elements
3. Use feedback to inform utility thinking, deliverables and actions

Land Acknowledgement

We are meeting online from various locations within the United States.

To find out original stewards of the land where you are now, check out:



 Native Land Digital
<https://native-land.ca>

By acknowledging Indigenous peoples and tribes, their traditional homeland ties are renewed and reaffirmed

Today's Presenters



Stephanie Meeks
PacifiCorp
Regulatory Manager



Randy Baker
PacifiCorp
Director of
Resource
Planning



Lee Elder
PacifiCorp Load
Forecasting Manager



John Rush
PacifiCorp SME
Community Based
Renewable Energy

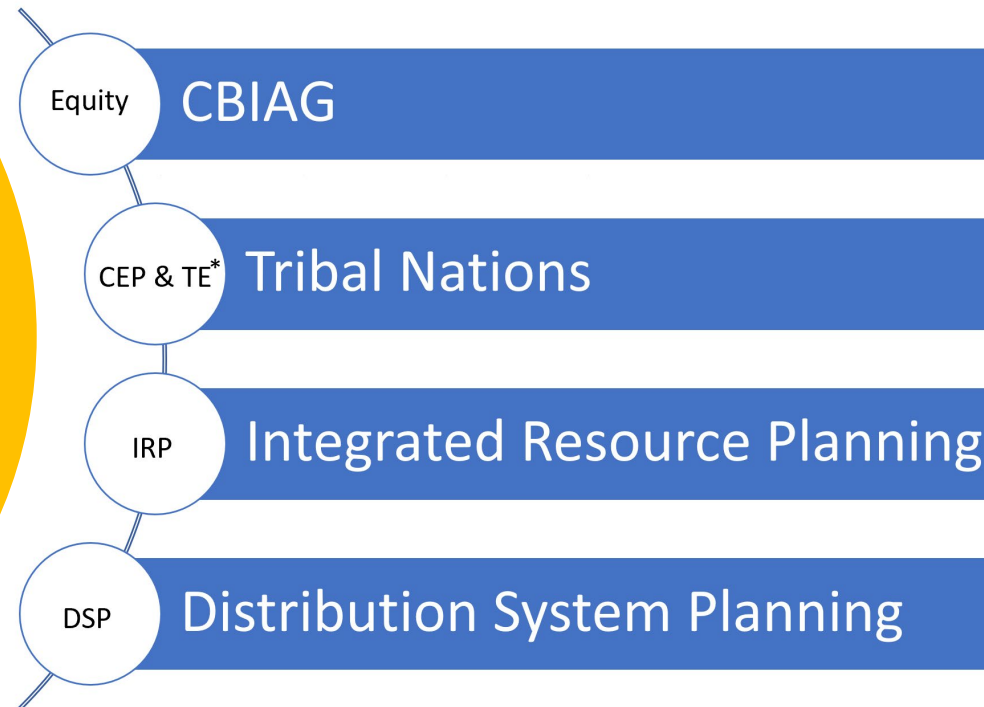
2023 Stakeholder Engagement

External Engagement 2023

Transitioning to a clean energy future benefits from diverse stakeholder input

Clean Energy Plan (CEP) Engagement Series

- Open to the public
- Deep diving into aspects of CEP



*Transportation Electrification

Clean Energy Plan Engagement Series

Five series focused deep diving into the details and intersectionality of clean energy planning with topics including:

- Clean Energy Plan
- Integrated Resource Plan (IRP)
- Community Based Renewable Energy (CBRE)
- Resiliency
- Distribution System Planning (DSP)
- Community Benefits + Impacts Advisory Group (CBIAG)



Clean Energy Plan Basics

Clean Energy Plan: The Basics

In 2021, Oregon Governor Brown signed House Bill (HB) 2021 into law, which provides an emissions-based clean energy framework for electricity providers to develop Clean Energy Plans (CEP). The plan requires retail electricity providers to reduce greenhouse gas emissions associated with electricity sold to Oregon consumers by:

Outcomes:

80% below baseline
emissions levels by
2030

90% below baseline
emissions levels by
2035

100% below baseline
emissions levels by
2040

(Baseline is average annual emission of greenhouse gases for the years 2010, 2011, and 2012 associated with the electricity sold to electricity customer.)

Timeline:

July 2021 - HB 2021
signed into law

January 2022 –
Ongoing UM 2225
Staff's Investigation
into CEP (guidance on
implementation)

March 2023 –
PacifiCorp will file first
Oregon Clean Energy
Plan with IRP filing

Clean Energy Plan: The Basics (continued)

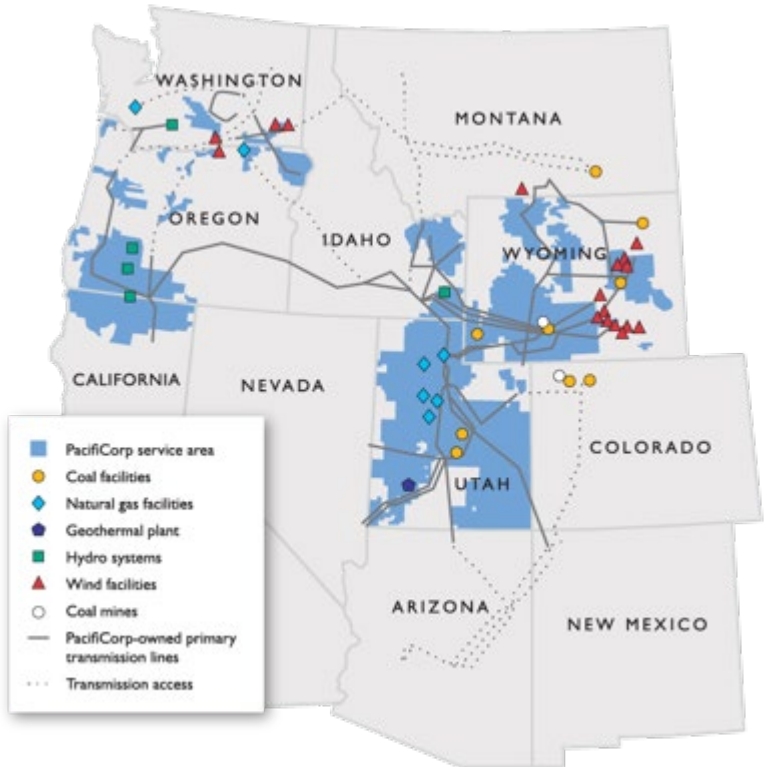
- The Oregon Clean Energy Plan (CEP) works in conjunction with PacifiCorp's system Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) and provides certainty to our target emissions reductions.
- The company will file its first CEP concurrently with its IRP in spring 2023.
- The CEP will include:
 - A clean energy strategy with milestones;
 - A path for additional stakeholder and community engagement; and
 - Discussion of how the company will comply with the requirements to provide 100% carbon free electricity to its Oregon retail customers by 2040.



Integrated Resource Planning + Clean Energy Plan

PacifiCorp - Meeting the Energy Needs of All Our Customers

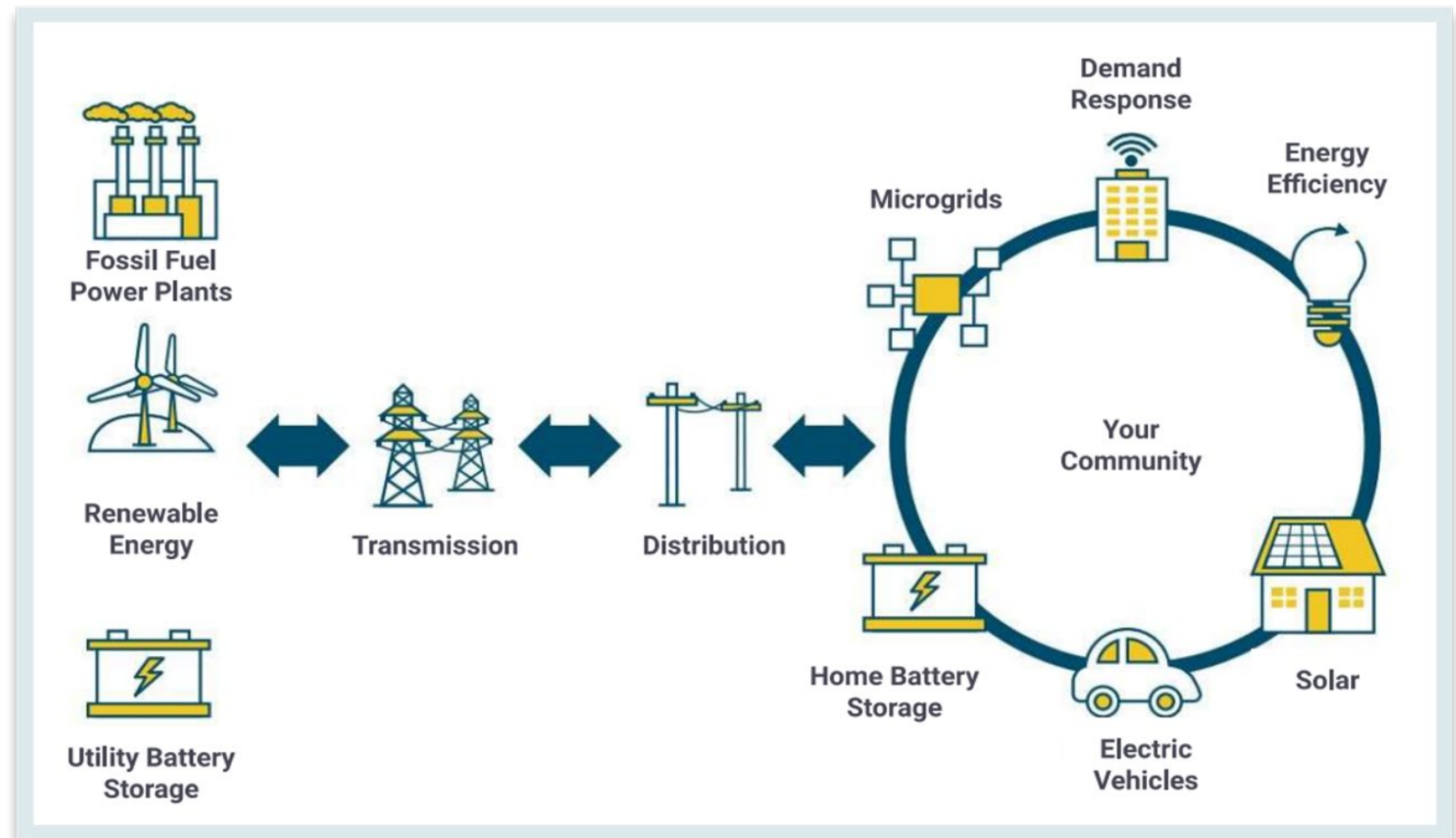
Our planning is designed to customers' energy needs across six states



- PacifiCorp serves approximately 2 million customers across six states
- PacifiCorp serves customers in Utah, Idaho and Wyoming as Rocky Mountain Power
- PacifiCorp serves customers in Oregon, Washington and California as Pacific Power
- Extensive generation, transmission and distribution infrastructure across the west
- Large decarbonization efforts underway for years
- Extensive energy efficiency portfolio
- Long-term resource planning occurs in PacifiCorp's Integrated Resource Plan on a two-year cycle

Orientation toward a Clean Energy Future

Integrated Resource Planning addresses and optimizes the entire system and is the basis for the Clean Energy Plan

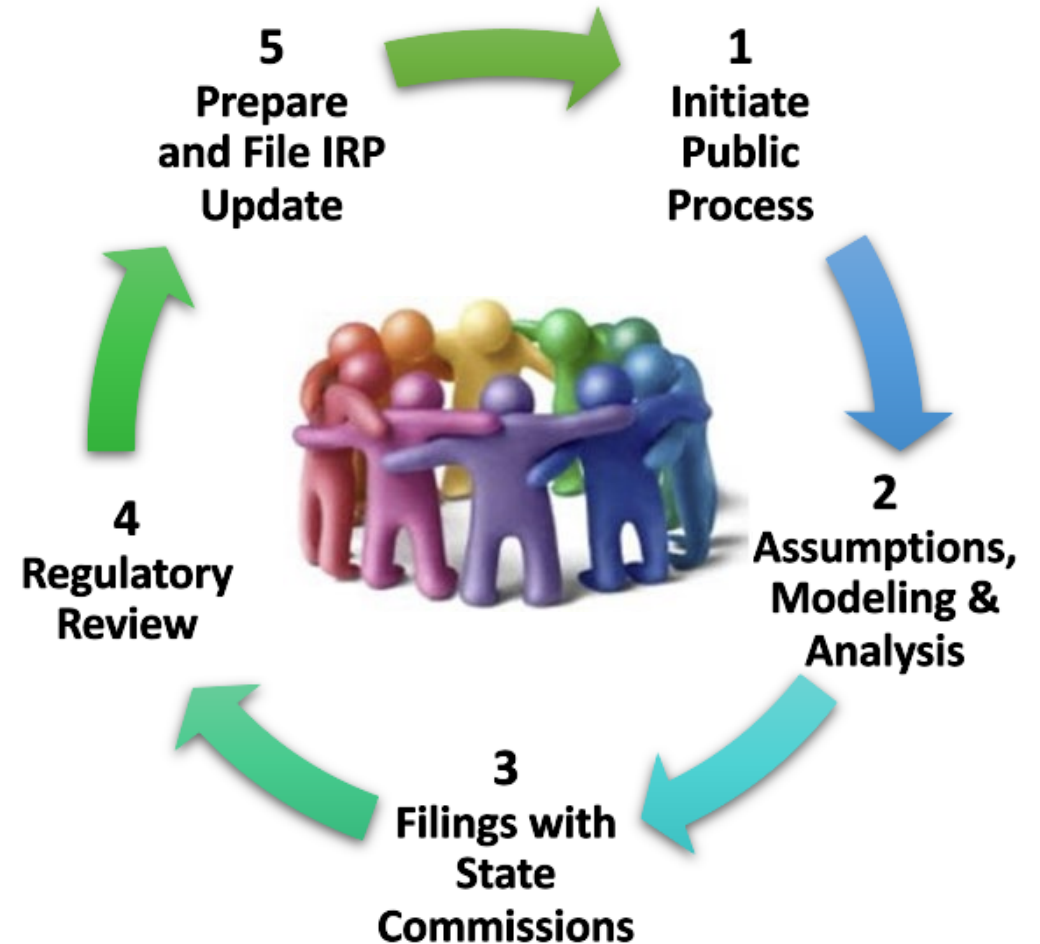


Graphics from Clean Energy Project DSM Presentation

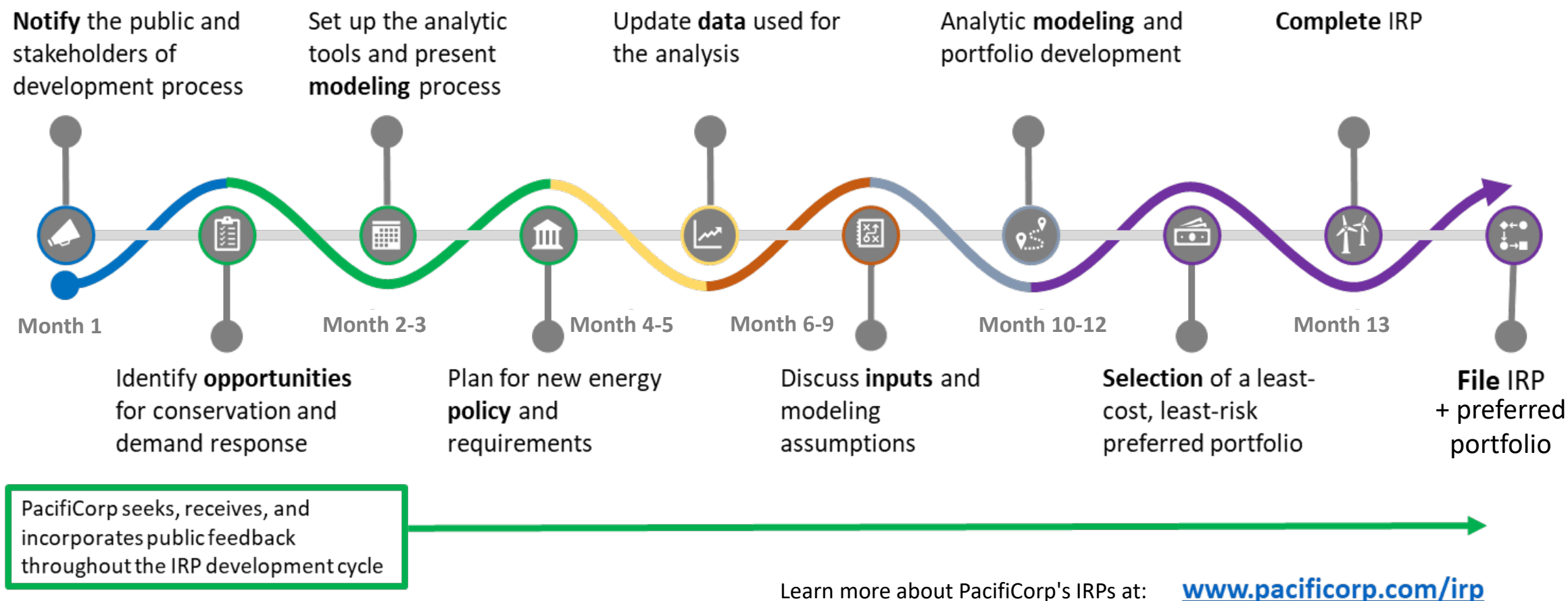
Resourcing the Right Mix

With the involvement of stakeholders and public, PacifiCorp has been on an independent trajectory to develop clean energy, powering jobs and innovation economically. Resource planning requires balancing system needs, regulatory requirements and stakeholder input:

- 20-year planning horizon for costs and risks from our customers' perspective (six states with retail load)
- Intensive data modeling and portfolio analysis
- One plan for all states that PacifiCorp serves customers, incorporating extensive stakeholder input and outreach efforts to socialize plan
- Two-year cycle with updates in off years to highlight how changes in the planning environment affect the plan



Overview of PacifiCorp's IRP Development Process



Clean Energy Plan Portfolio Development Stages

2023 IRP Preferred Portfolio

The CEP begins with the 2023 IRP preferred portfolio

- Oregon customers share in the benefits of multi-state planning:
 - Flexibility
 - Reliability
 - Cost-effectiveness

Small Scale Renewable Portfolio

Small-scale renewables analysis determines the amount, type and location to add small resources (<20MW capacity) to meet Oregon's 10% capacity requirement

Oregon Clean Energy Plan Portfolio

Oregon Clean Energy Plan Portfolio incorporates added resources to meet CEP targets in 2030, 2035 and 2040

Consideration of pacing of GHG emissions reductions

Final CEP Portfolio includes:

- CBI measures (discussed in the CBI topic)
- CBRE impacts study (discussed in the CBRE topic)

Questions & Comments

Is there anything else
we should consider?

Community Benefit Indicators

Community Benefit Indicators

Community benefit indicators (CBIs) are one way we measure that communities are benefiting from the transition to a clean energy future

CBIs are the outcomes we seek to achieve

The Clean Energy Plan (CEP)* requires PacifiCorp to develop one metric for three CBI categories among these choices: resiliency, health and community well-being, environmental impacts, energy equity and economic impacts

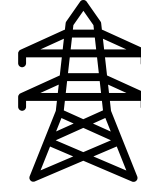


CBI examples include:

- Reduce energy burden
- Increase renewable energy resources
- Reduce disconnections

*Order No. 22-390

CBI Development Process



REGULATORY ALIGNMENT

IDENTIFY INTERIM CBIs
AND METRICS

SCOPING FOR UTILITY

DEVELOP AND VALIDATE
CBIs AND METRICS

STAKEHOLDER INPUT



Oregon Proposed Interim Community Benefit Indicators

Two interim CBIs are expected to be most directly affiliated with IRP outputs:

CBI Category	Interim CBIs	Interim CBI Metrics	Purpose
Rulemaking Language	Outcomes	How we measure outcomes	Why
Resiliency (System and Community)	Reduce frequency and duration of energy outages	SAIDI, SAIFI, and CAIDI at area level including major events Metric of Energy Not Served (ENS)* for IRP portfolios are included as an output from portfolio development	SAIDI, SAIFI and CAIDI scores show how reliable and resilient areas of PacifiCorp's system are. Producing these metrics for Census Tracts will demonstrate how reliable and resilient our system at the community level. By beginning to track these metrics, the Company can establish a detailed baseline to measure the impact of future investments.
Environmental Impacts	Increase energy from non-emitting resources and reduce CO2 emissions to meet HB 2021 targets	Oregon CO2 emission from Oregon allocated resources	Reduce fossil fuel resources and increase renewable and non-emitting resources that currently power Oregon's grid, thereby leading to increased environmental benefits, while maintaining system reliability and on-demand service to customers.

*ENS represents shortfalls when available resources fail to meet load obligations. IRP portfolios must meet required reliability targets, however lower ENS indicates a relatively more reliable portfolio. ENS is an output of all IRP portfolios.

Oregon Proposed Interim Community Benefit Indicators (continued)

CBI Category	Interim CBIs	Interim CBI Metrics	Purpose
Rulemaking Language	Outcomes	How we measure outcomes	Why
Energy Equity (Distributional and Intergenerational Equity)	Decrease proportion of households experiencing high energy burden	Energy burden by census tract Energy burden for low-income customers, bill assistance participants and Tribal members	Energy equity is concept that all members of society should be able to afford and have access to a necessary and basic amount of energy. Energy-burdened households spend a disproportionate amount of their income on home energy costs. Tracking energy burden by Census Tract indicates energy equity for communities in PacifiCorp's Oregon service area.
Economic Impacts	Increase community-focused efforts and investments	TBD	Working with stakeholders to identify opportunities
Health and Community Well-being	Decrease number of residential disconnections	Number of residential customer disconnections	Access to energy affects the provision and sustainability of basic human needs. Disconnections could be the result of a customer's decision whether to pay utility bills or pay for other basic needs like paying rent, buying food, or purchasing prescription drugs. Tracking disconnections by Census Tract provides an indicator of how communities may be struggling with their basic needs..

CBI relationship to IRP

Two interim CBIs are expected to be most directly affiliated with IRP outputs:

- ***“Increase Energy from Non-emitting Resources and Reduce CO2 Emissions to meet HB 2021 targets”***
- ***“Reduce Frequency and Duration of Energy Outages”***

“Increase Energy from Non-emitting Resources and Reduce CO2 Emissions to meet HB 2021 targets” is measured through the metric of CO2 emissions

- CO2 emissions for IRP portfolios are included as an output from portfolio development
- Varying IRP portfolios will have differing levels of CO2 emissions, which will lead to some portfolios scoring better regarding this interim CBI

CBI relationship to IRP (continued)

“Reduce Frequency and Duration of Energy Outages” is measured through:

- Metric of energy not served (ENS)
- Improved reliability scores (SAIDI, SAIFI and CAIDI)

ENS for IRP portfolios are included as an output from portfolio development

- Varying IRP portfolios will have differing ENS scores, which will lead to some portfolios scoring better regarding this interim CBI

Varying IRP portfolios may generate differing resource configurations, which may affect SAIDI, SAIFI and CAIDI scores

CBI Summary and Next Steps

CEP will be filed concurrently with the PacifiCorp's 2023 Integrated Resource Plan in March 2023

Will include one interim CBI for each of the following topic areas

- Energy equity - Decrease proportion of households experiencing high energy burden
- Resiliency - Reduce frequency and duration of energy outages
- Health and community well-being - decreased number of residential disconnections
- Environmental impacts - Increase energy from non-emitting resources and reduce CO2 emissions to meet HB 2021 targets
- Economic impacts - Increase community-focused efforts and investments

PacifiCorp will continue to develop CBIs and metrics over the coming months

Questions & Comments

Is there anything else
we should consider?

BREAK

Community Based Renewable Energy

What is Community-Based Renewable Energy (CBRE)?

Allows community ownership of a renewable energy source that promotes climate resiliency and broader benefits. In Oregon, CBREs have three components:

RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCE(S)



- Solar, wind, or other renewable energy
- Microgrids, storage systems
- Demand response

CONNECTS TO THE GRID



Interconnects to power company distribution or transmission assets

BENEFITS OR OWNED BY THE
COMMUNITY



- Includes Community benefits agreements, ownership, or other form of direct benefit
- Benefits may include increased resilience, community stability, local jobs, economic development or direct energy cost savings to families and small businesses

Source: HB 2021 Legislation

Requirements HB 2021 and UM 2225

Utilities are required to:“(d) Examine the **costs** and **opportunities** of offsetting energy generated from fossil fuels with community-based renewable energy”

Source: HB 2021 Section 4.4(d)



Community Lens Acquisition Targets

The First CEP should include:

- A potential study that identifies opportunities for community-based renewable energy projects (CBREs) developed in coordination with communities ... with input from stakeholders and Staff.
The potential study should... identify acquisition targets (annual MW/MWh)... balance costs, risks and community impacts (using CBIs)... include action plan...
- Explanation of how utility's plan for future CBREs complies with the state's goal for community-based renewable energy projects provided in ORS 469A.210 and explain how the CBRE targets align with this strategy



Opportunities Considered within Community Lens Potential Studies

Opportunities for CBRE actions, including distributed resources and their resiliency benefits, should be developed in coordination with communities that are served by the utility, including environmental justice communities, and with input from stakeholders and Staff. (Need to reference other processes)



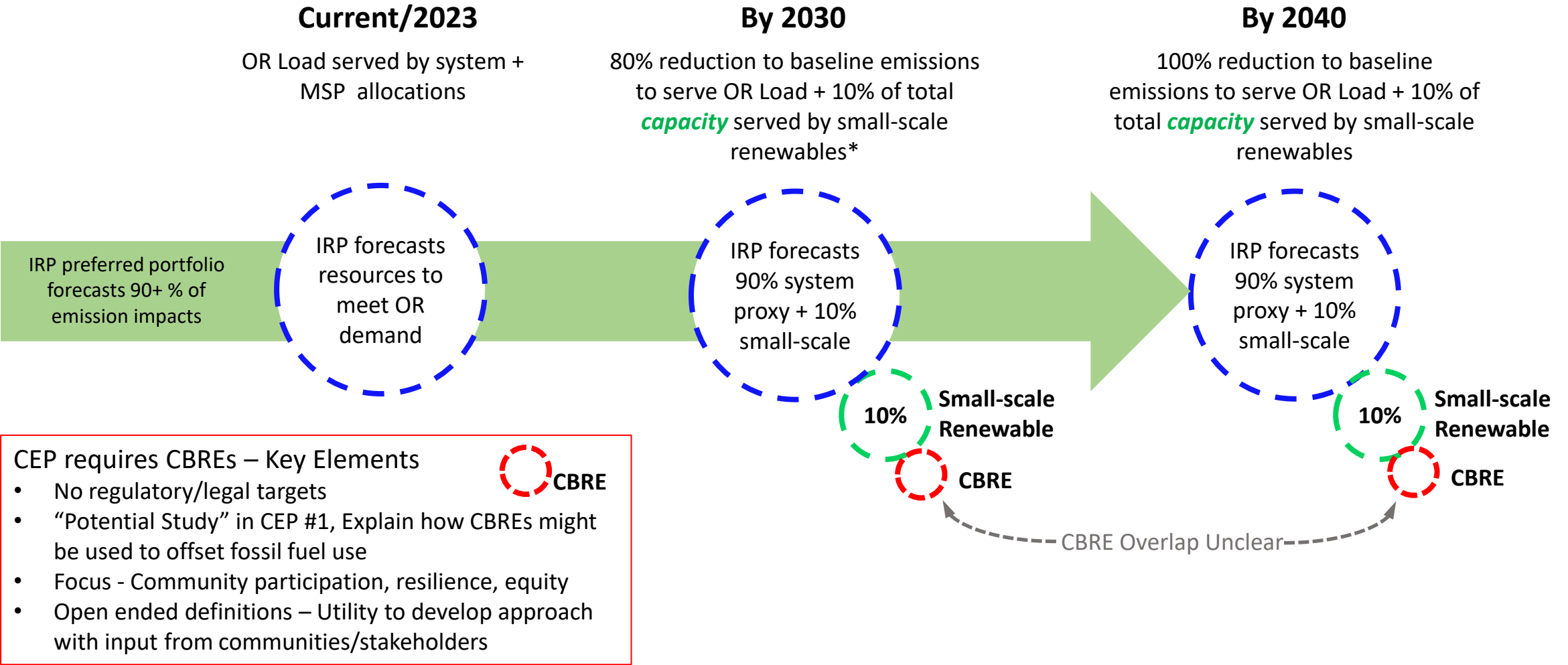
Off-setting Fossil Fuels with CBREs

For the first CEP

- The utility should incorporate the CBRE acquisition targets into IRP portfolio modeling...
- If system-wide benefits exist for a potential CBRE, the utility should quantify those benefits in a manner consistent with the IRP when evaluating the opportunity for inclusion in the first CEP.

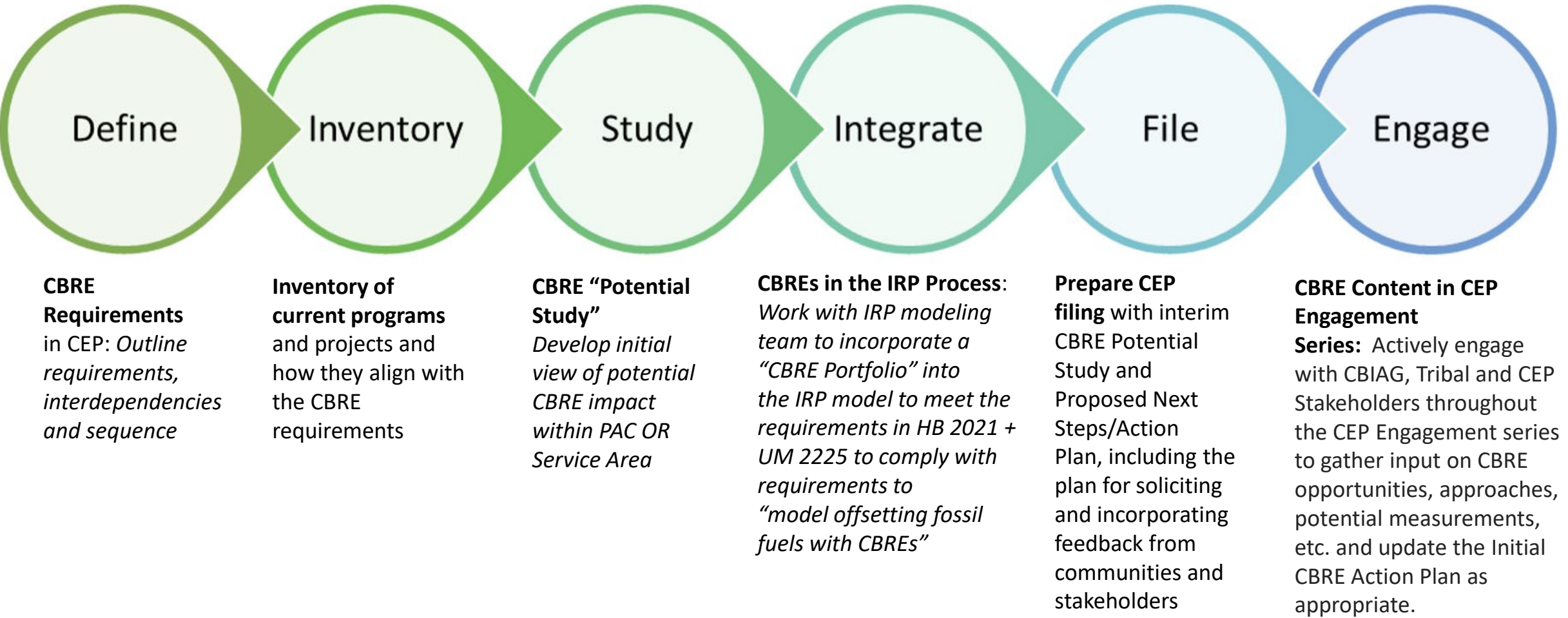
Key Guidelines from UM 2225 for CBREs (Community Lens section of CEP proceedings - Order 22-390)

Community Based Renewable Energy in context of CEP



* Small-scale renewables must be RPS eligible

CBRE Development Plan



Inventory of Potential CBRE Projects

Type	Existing	Possible
Oregon Community Solar Program (OCSP) (53 total “pre-certified” projects, 4 are carveouts)	~ 0.5 MW Operational	65 MW Total (52 MW Pre-certified, 13 MW carveout available)
Community Resiliency Battery Storage Pilot (20 total projects)	2 projects approved	10 technical assessments
ODOE CREP Grant Applicants (17 total projects applied)	4 projects approved	15 additional applied
ETO-Identified Projects (11 existing hydro, 14 potential hydro , 2 potential biopower)	11 hydro QFs	4 in design; 10 conceptual
Additional Opportunities (TBD)		

CBRE “Potential Study” Discussion

Approach for CBRE “Potential Study” - Three primary tiers of projects to make up the initial potential:

- 1) **Community Solar** Potential includes existing and committed projects ~52MW and the potential for 13 MW of remaining “carve out”.
- 2) **Small Scale, Community-Based Solar + Storage projects**
 - a. Based on experience from the PacifiCorp’s Community Battery Storage Pilot program, first and second round ODOE CREP grant funding requests and input from ETO.
 - b. This portion of the potential reflects the possibility for small-scale, community-based solar + storage opportunities.
 - c. These may include opportunities like “resilience hubs”, small solar connected micro-grids or other community-focused renewable opportunities.
- 3) **QF Projects** – Assume to follow current process from planning through implementation
 - a. Forecast includes small list of potential Hydro & Biopower resources.

CBRE Next Steps

- Continue to refine the Initial CBRE “Potential Study”
- Work with IRP Modeling team to include CBRE Portfolio in IRP model to highlight potential costs/benefits and “(d) Examine the costs and opportunities of offsetting energy generated from fossil fuels with community-based renewable energy.”
- Prepare initial CBRE Action Plan items including key discussion topics for soliciting community and stakeholder input after filing of the Initial CEP in March.
- Prepare and file the Initial CEP on March 31, 2023.
- Actively engage with CBIAG and CEP Stakeholders throughout the CEP Engagement series to gather input on CBRE opportunities, approaches, potential measurements, etc. and update the Initial CBRE Action Plan as appropriate.

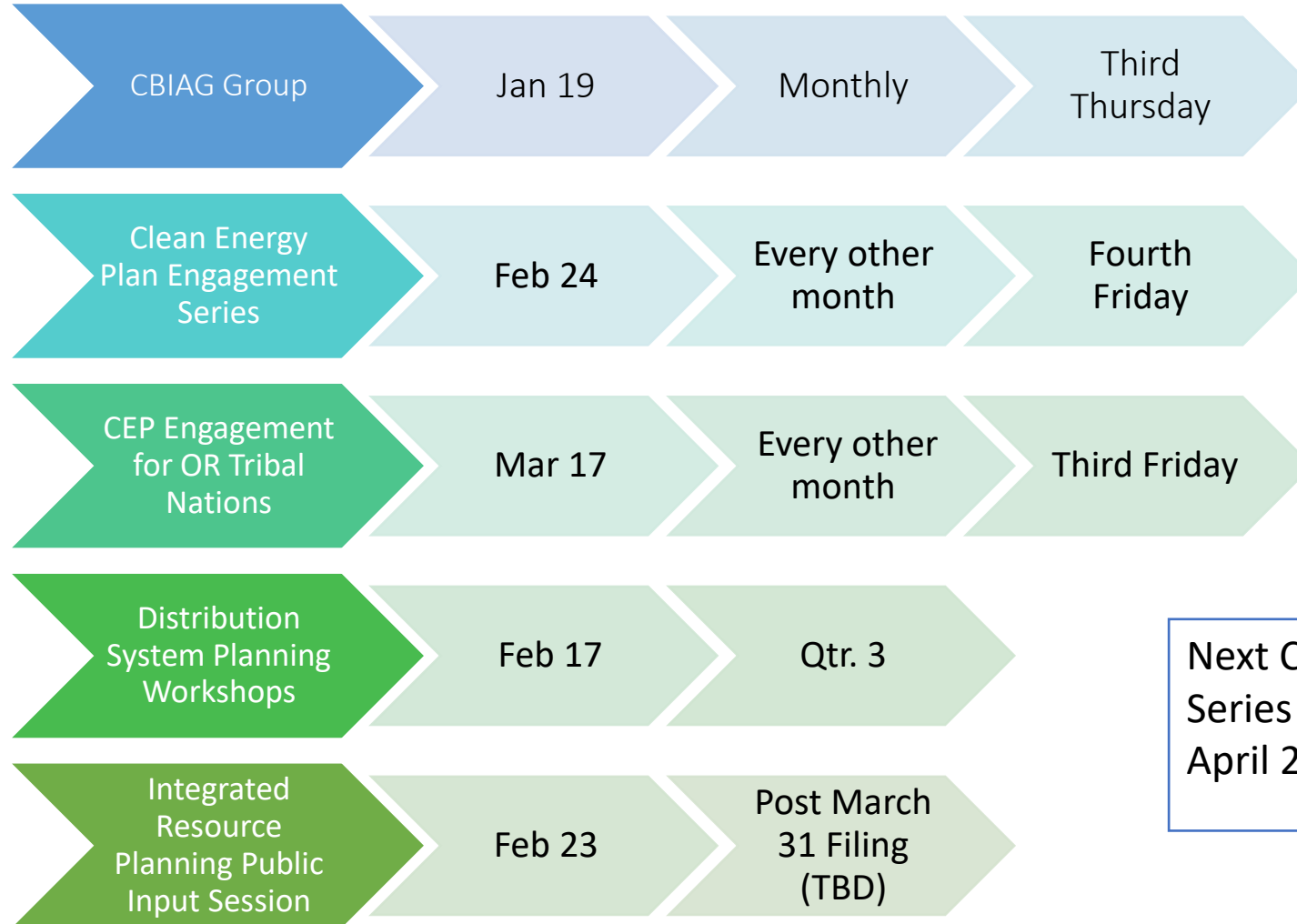
Questions & Comments

Is there anything else
we should consider?

Public Comment

External Engagement 2023

Retro + Future Cadence



Next Clean Energy Plan Engagement Series Meeting is April 28

Within two weeks, public notes will be available at: <https://www.pacificorp.com/energy/oregon-clean-energy-plan.html>

APPENDIX

Clean Energy Plan Engagement Series



Purpose of the Series:

- Discuss the Clean Energy Plan and Integrated Resource Plan alignment
- Demystify intersectionality of the elements in these plans
- Compliments existing stakeholder engagement spaces

Vision for the Series:

- Five engagements in 2023
- Online and Recorded for flexibility and Accessibility
- Feedback will be tracked and shared online

Clean Energy Plan Engagement Series Topics:

- Integrated Resource Plan (IRP)
- Community Based Renewable Energy (CBRE)
- Community Benefit Indicators (CBI)
- Resiliency
- Distribution System Planning (DSP)
- Community Benefits + Impacts Advisory Group (CBIAG)

Section 6 of HB 2021 calls for the development of a biennial report that, in consultation with the CBIAG, must include the assessment and description of the following:

- Energy burden for residential customers
- Disconnections for residential customers
- Opportunities for contracting with businesses owned by women, veterans, or Black, Indigenous or People of Color
- Actions within environmental justice communities intended to improve resiliency
- Grid investments in environmental justice communities that facilitate compliance with clean energy targets
- Social, economic or environment justice co-benefits
- Review of annual customer satisfaction surveys
- Actions to encourage customer engagement
- Other items as determined by the utility and the CBIAG

CBIAG will weigh in on these items:

- In Order 22-390, the Public Utility Commission of Oregon recommends utilities adopt one CBI for each of the following topic areas;
 - Resiliency
 - Health and community well-being
 - Environmental impacts
 - Energy Equity
 - Economic impacts
- Order 22-390 also recommends utilities include one metric for each of the following categories;
 - Informational CBIs
 - Community Based Renewable Energy (CBRE) focused CBIs
 - Portfolio CBIs
- CBIs for each of the five topic areas (i.e., resiliency, health and community well-being, environmental impacts, energy equity and economic impacts) will be characterized as one of the three CBI categories (informational, CBRE focused or portfolio)

Small Scale Renewable and CBRE Definition

SMALL SCALE RENEWABLES

Goal:

By 2029, obtain 10 percent of the aggregate electrical capacity of all electric companies that make sales of electricity to 25,000 or more retail electricity consumers in this state must be composed of electricity generated by one or both of the following sources:

Small-scale renewable energy projects with a generating capacity of 20 megawatts or less

Facilities that generate electricity using biomass that also generate thermal energy for a secondary purpose

Original goal - 8% by 2025

HB 2021 expanded the target to:
10% by December 31, 2029.

House Bill 2021 - Enrolled

COMMUNITY BASED RENEWABLE ENERGY

Goal:

May contribute to the Small Scale Renewable goal of by 2029, obtain 10 percent of the aggregate electrical capacity, if meets the small scale renewable eligibility requirements

Convene a workgroup to encourage development of small scale and community based renewable energy projects to contribute toward economic development and resiliency and submit a report by September 30, 2022 (see Reporting section below).

Community Based Renewable Energy (CBRE) is defined as:

One or more renewable energy systems that interconnect to utility distribution or transmission assets and may be combined with microgrids, storage systems or demand response measures, or energy-related infrastructure that promotes climate resiliency or other such measures, and that:

- (a) Provide a direct benefit to a particular community through a community-benefits agreement or direct ownership by a local government, nonprofit community organization or federally recognized Tribe; or
- (b) Result in increased resiliency or community stability, local jobs, economic development or direct energy cost savings to families and small businesses.”

Community-benefits agreements are contracts between a community group(s) and a renewable energy project developer that require the developer to provide specific benefits to the local community. In exchange, the community group must agree to support the project.