

# Lewis River Bull Trout Habitat Restoration Project Identification Assessment

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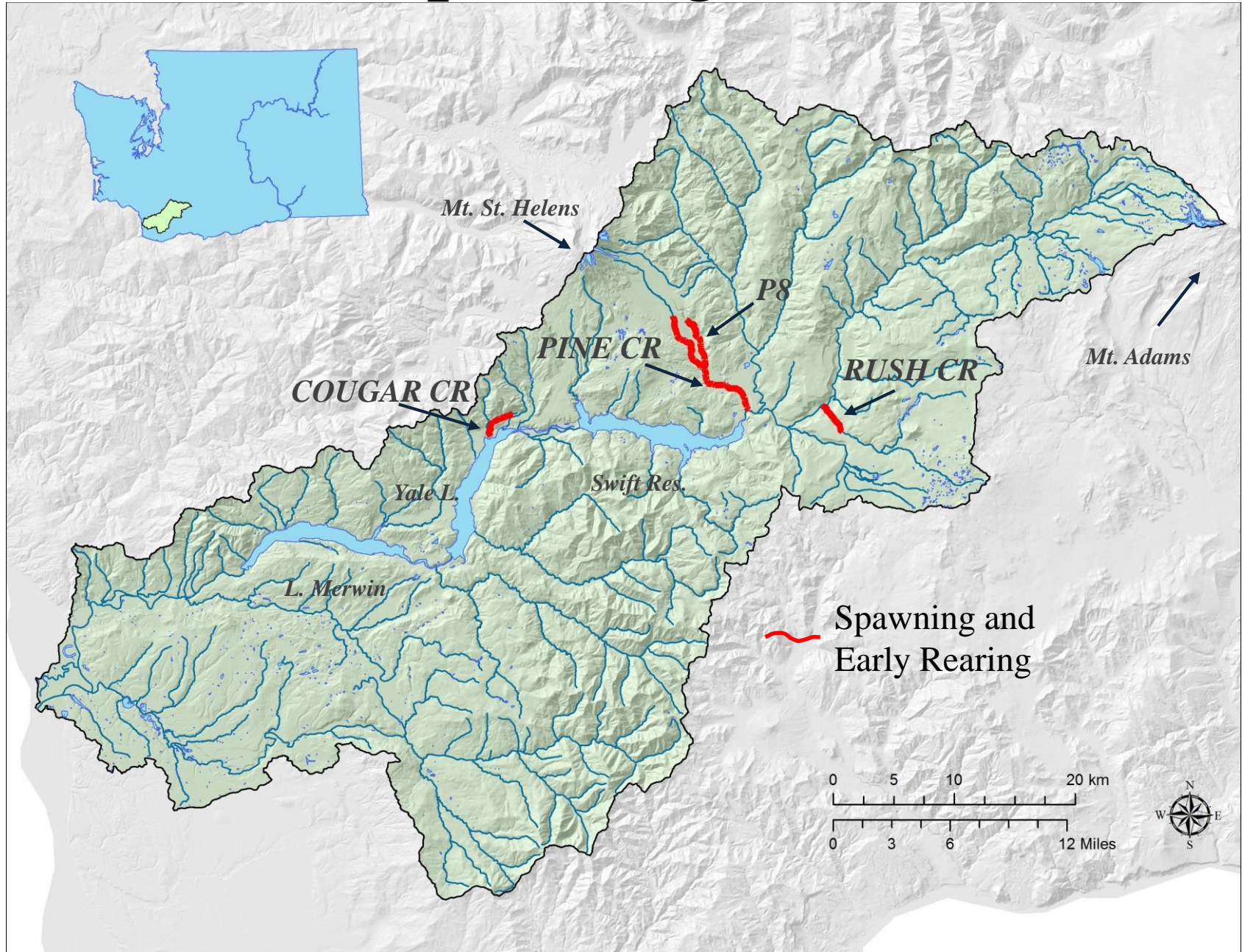
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<sup>3</sup>Mt. St. Helens Institute



ACC MEETING, DECEMBER 14, 2017

# Limited Spawning Distribution



# Study Area



# Project Objective

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Develop a list of project conceptual scoping designs that could be implemented to increase the quantity and quality of bull trout spawning and rearing habitat





# Approach



- Model bull trout redd occurrence (presence-absence) as a function of habitat in known spawning tributaries (logistic regression).
- Use model results to assess the habitat in the rest of the basin and to direct recommendations for project designs

# What streams should we assess outside of known spawning tributaries?

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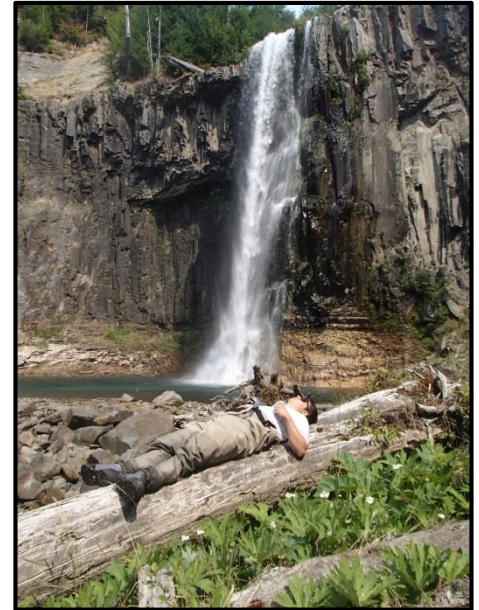
## 1) Habitat Accessibility

Below migration barriers

## 2) Restoration Potential

Outside of Mt. St. Helens National Monument

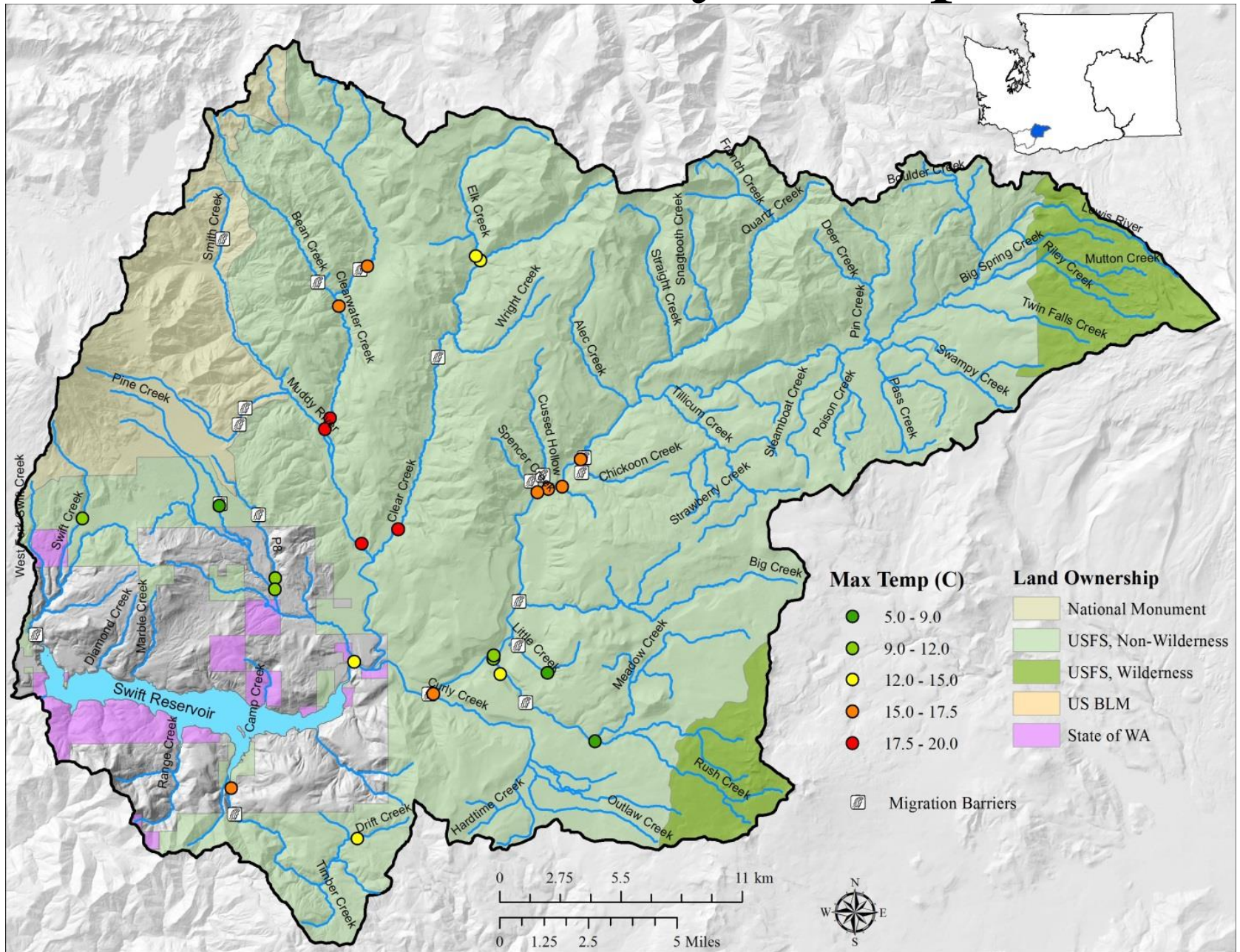
Outside of existing/planned project areas



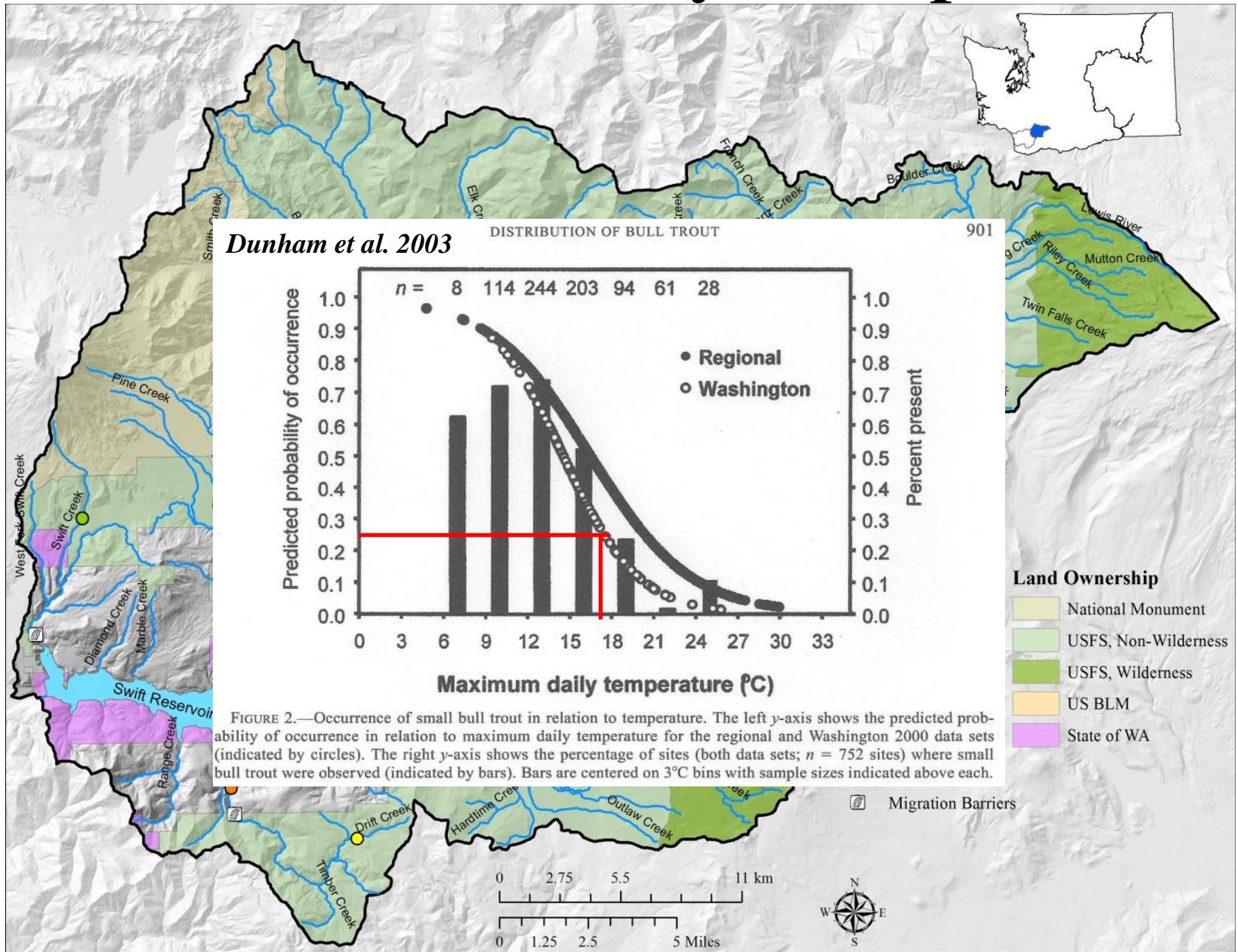
## 3) Thermal Suitability



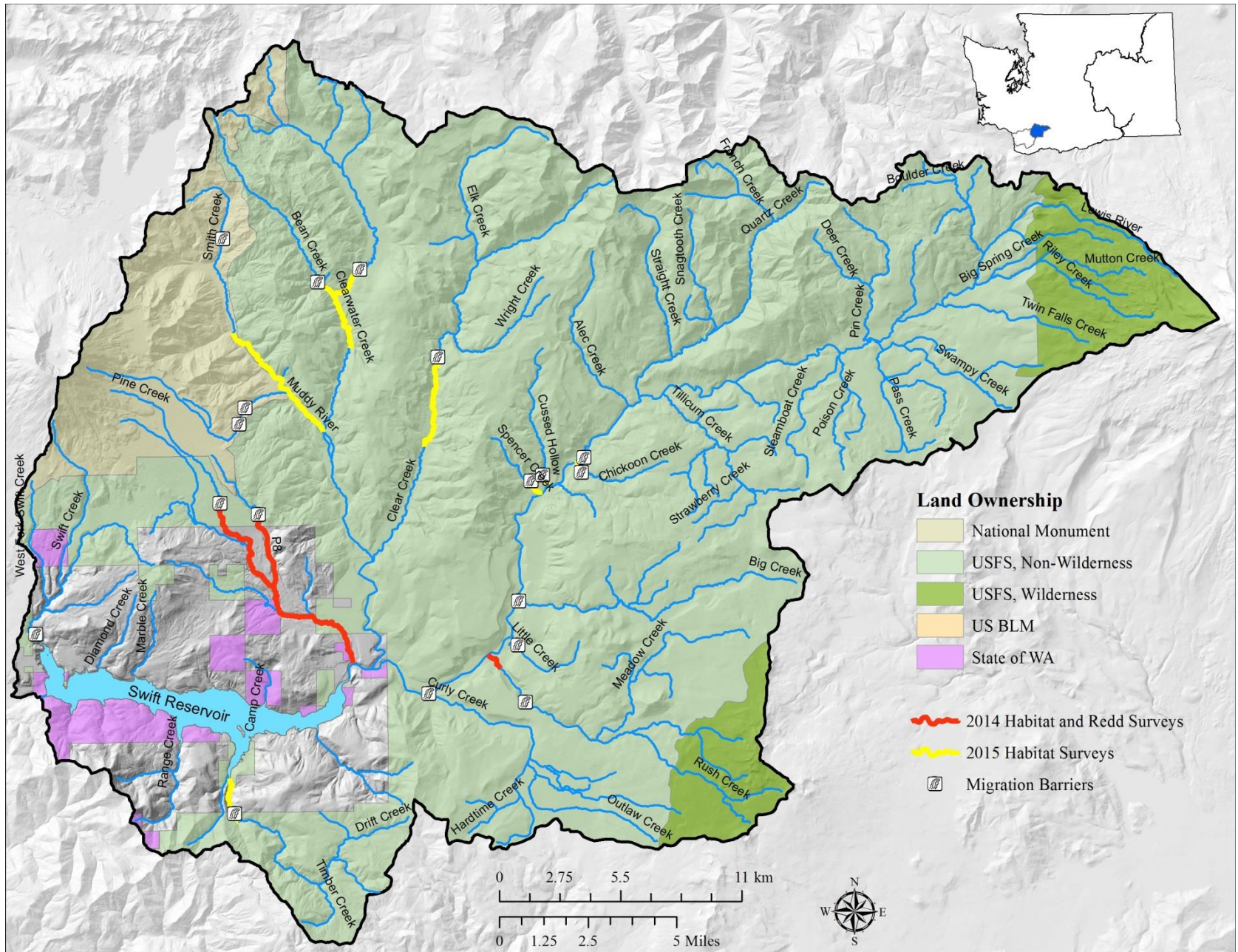
# Thermal Suitability is Important



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# Stream Reaches Included for this Project



# Habitat Variables

Variable	Redd Present ( n = 29)					Redd Absent ( n = 134)				
	Mean	SD	Median	Min	Max	Mean	SD	Median	Min	Max
<b>Depth (m)</b>	<b>0.218</b>	<b>0.047</b>	<b>0.200</b>	<b>0.155</b>	<b>0.304</b>	<b>0.259</b>	<b>0.054</b>	<b>0.265</b>	<b>0.138</b>	<b>0.447</b>
<b>Width (m)</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>14.5</b>
W/D	36.1	9.9	33.6	22.5	61.8	37.2	8.9	37.0	18.3	69.8
CV depth (%)	96.1	5.1	95.6	90.3	115.3	97.1	5.1	96.8	88.5	110.7
<b>CV width (%)</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>35.9</b>	<b>22.2</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>47.6</b>
CV W/D (%)	35.0	12.1	34.4	9.4	61.4	40.2	14.1	38.2	9.3	79.5
Max Depth (m)	0.749	0.254	0.700	0.400	1.500	0.906	0.279	0.825	0.450	1.500
Cover (m <sup>2</sup> )	3.8	6.6	1.4	0.0	31.5	3.0	5.1	1.5	0.0	40.7
<b>PSP (m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>26.3</b>
<b>LWD (no./100m)</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>19.0</b>
Pools (no./100m)	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.0	3.7	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.0	4.2
<b>Pool (m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>51.1</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>123.2</b>
Riffle (m <sup>2</sup> )	737.0	301.9	569.3	388.4	1399.7	872.4	255.7	895.3	369.2	1457.2
<b>Fines (m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>125.3</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>267.2</b>
Gravel (m <sup>2</sup> )	80.7	90.0	71.9	0.0	284.5	64.9	93.7	0.0	0.0	364.0
Cobble (m <sup>2</sup> )	282.4	154.1	234.1	0.0	699.8	323.8	173.1	312.1	0.0	818.0
<b>Boulder (m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>138.3</b>	<b>154.6</b>	<b>61.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>439.9</b>	<b>182.5</b>	<b>139.5</b>	<b>197.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>495.6</b>
Bedrock (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.4	114.2	0.0	0.0	666.2

# One more habitat variable – Complex Channel

YES



NO

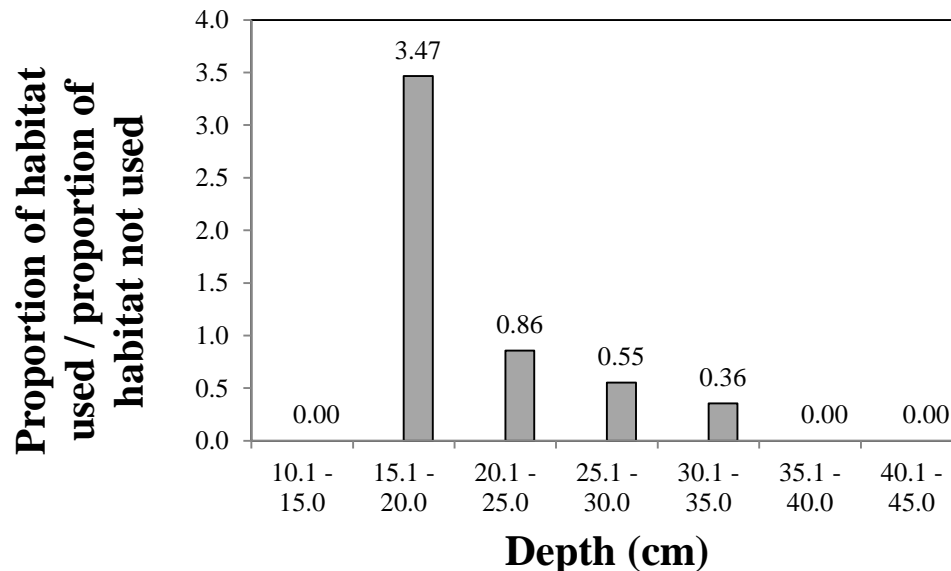


# Model Selection

Model Variables	$K$	$AIC_c$	$\Delta AIC_c$	AUC	max-rescaled $R^2$
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b>	3	134.46	0.00	0.76	0.23
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , CV Width	4	134.59	0.13	0.77	0.25
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , Fines	4	135.93	1.47	0.78	0.23
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , Boulder	4	136.00	1.54	0.76	0.23
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , Boulder, CV Width	5	136.23	1.77	0.77	0.25
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , LWD	4	136.24	1.78	0.76	0.23
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , LWD, CV Width	5	136.34	1.89	0.78	0.25
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , Width, CV Width	5	136.38	1.92	0.78	0.25
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , Width	4	136.41	1.95	0.76	0.23
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , Fines, CV Width	5	136.43	1.97	0.78	0.25
<b>Complex Channel, Depth</b> , PSP	4	136.45	1.99	0.76	0.23
GLOBAL (All variables included)	10	145.80	11.34	0.78	0.26
NULL (No variables)	1	156.66	20.20	0.50	0.00

# Top Variables: Channel Complexity and Depth

Variable	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	Scaling factor	Scaled odds ratio	95% CI for scaled odds ratio	P-value
Intercept	1.871	1.086				0.085
Complex Channel	1.378	0.453	1.00	3.96	1.63 - 9.64	0.002
Depth (m)	-16.830	4.739	0.05	0.43	0.27 - 0.69	< 0.001



# Additional Support for Channel Complexity – Moderate Selection for Side Channel Habitat

$$\text{Electivity Index, } D = (r - p) / (r + p) - 2rp$$

*D* Values:

-1.00 to -0.50 = strong avoidance

-0.49 to -0.26 = moderate avoidance

-0.25 to 0.25 = neutral selection

**0.26 to 0.49 = moderate selection**

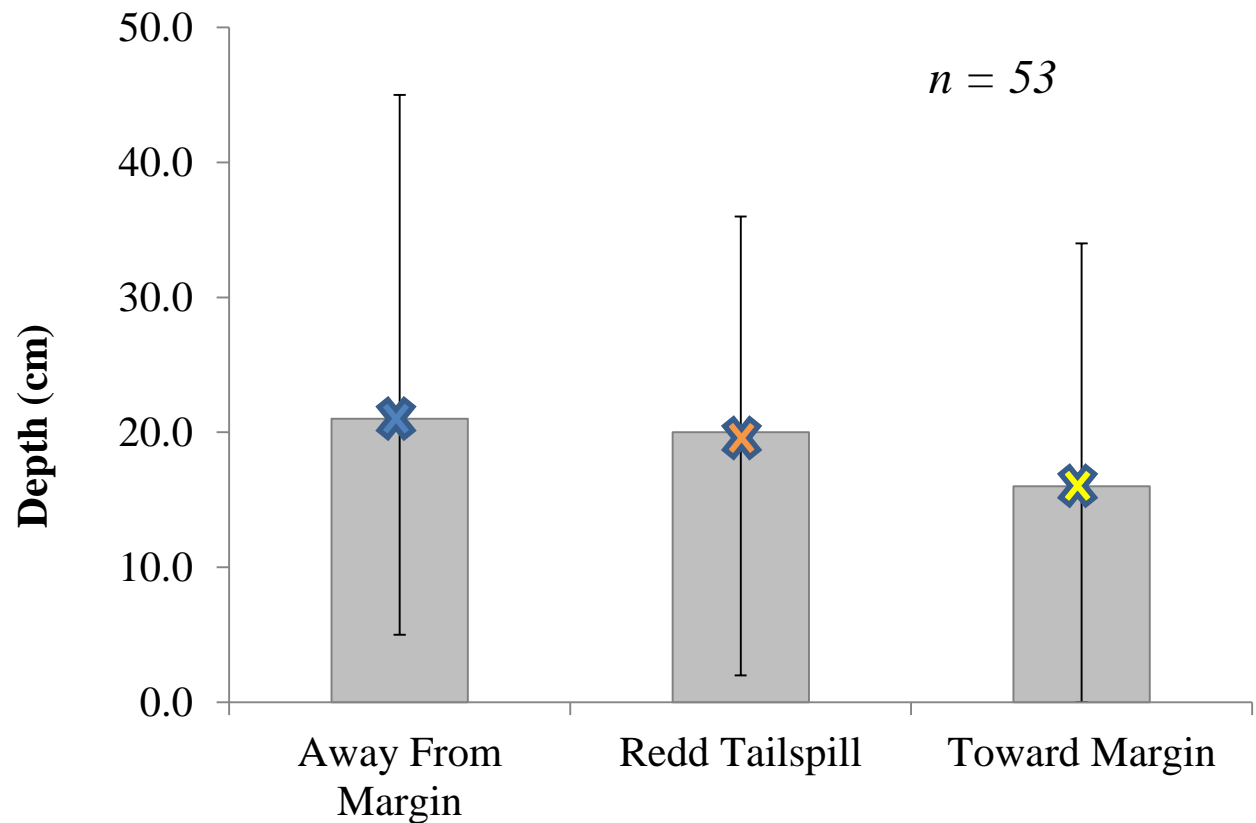
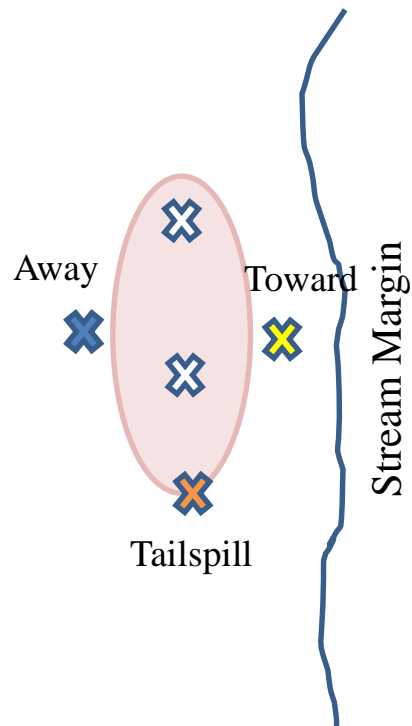
0.50 to 1.00 = strong selection

Stream	<i>D</i>	<i>r</i>	<i>p</i>
Pine Creek	0.467	0.300	0.094
P8	0.429	0.217	0.080
<i>Pooled Data</i>	<b>0.405</b>	<b>0.242</b>	<b>0.092</b>

These data are not associated with the modeling effort but provide additional information about habitat used by spawning bull trout.

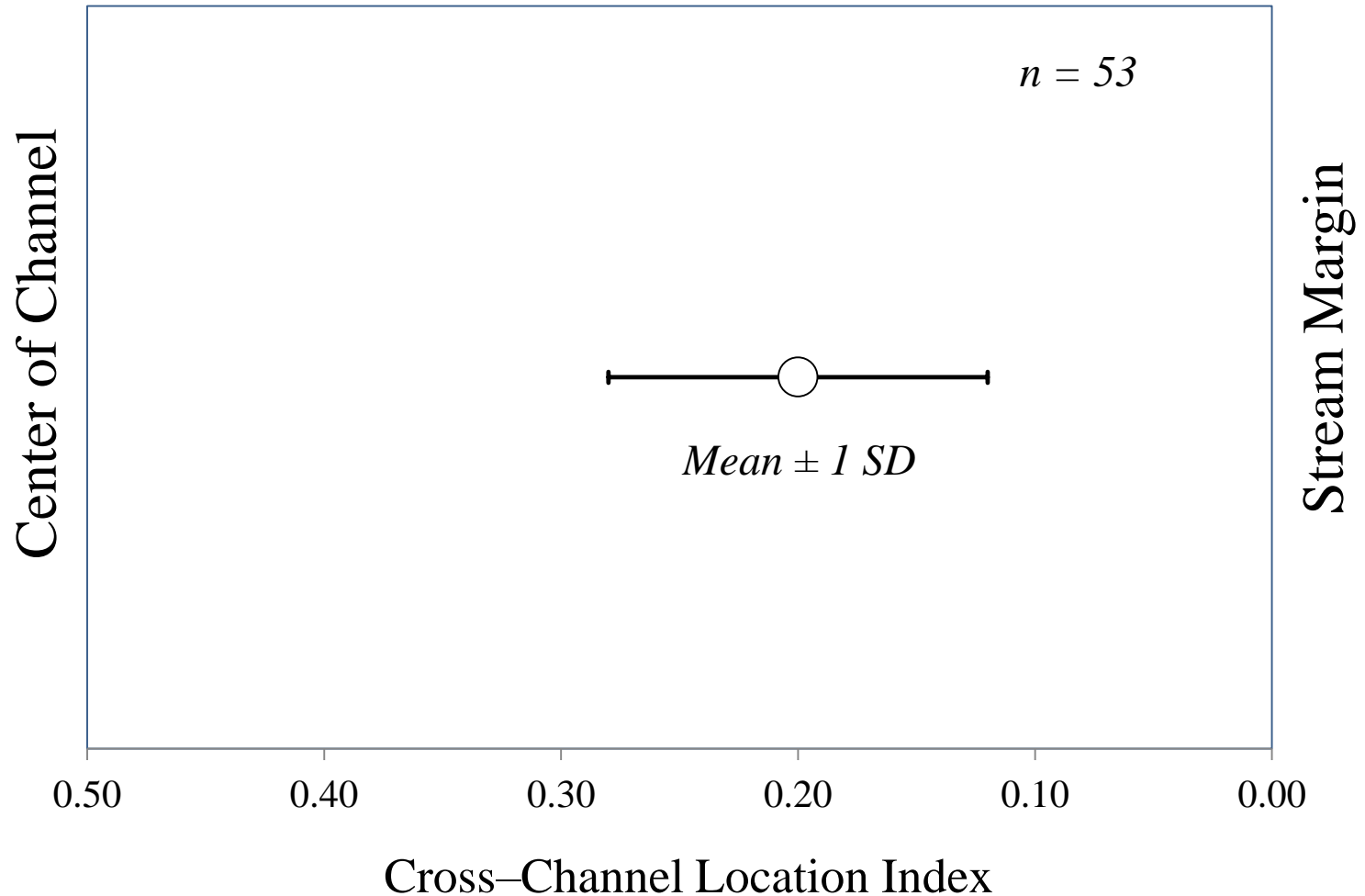
Baltz (1990) and Mathews (1996)

# Stream Depths Associated with Redds at the Microhabitat Scale (similar to reach scale depths)

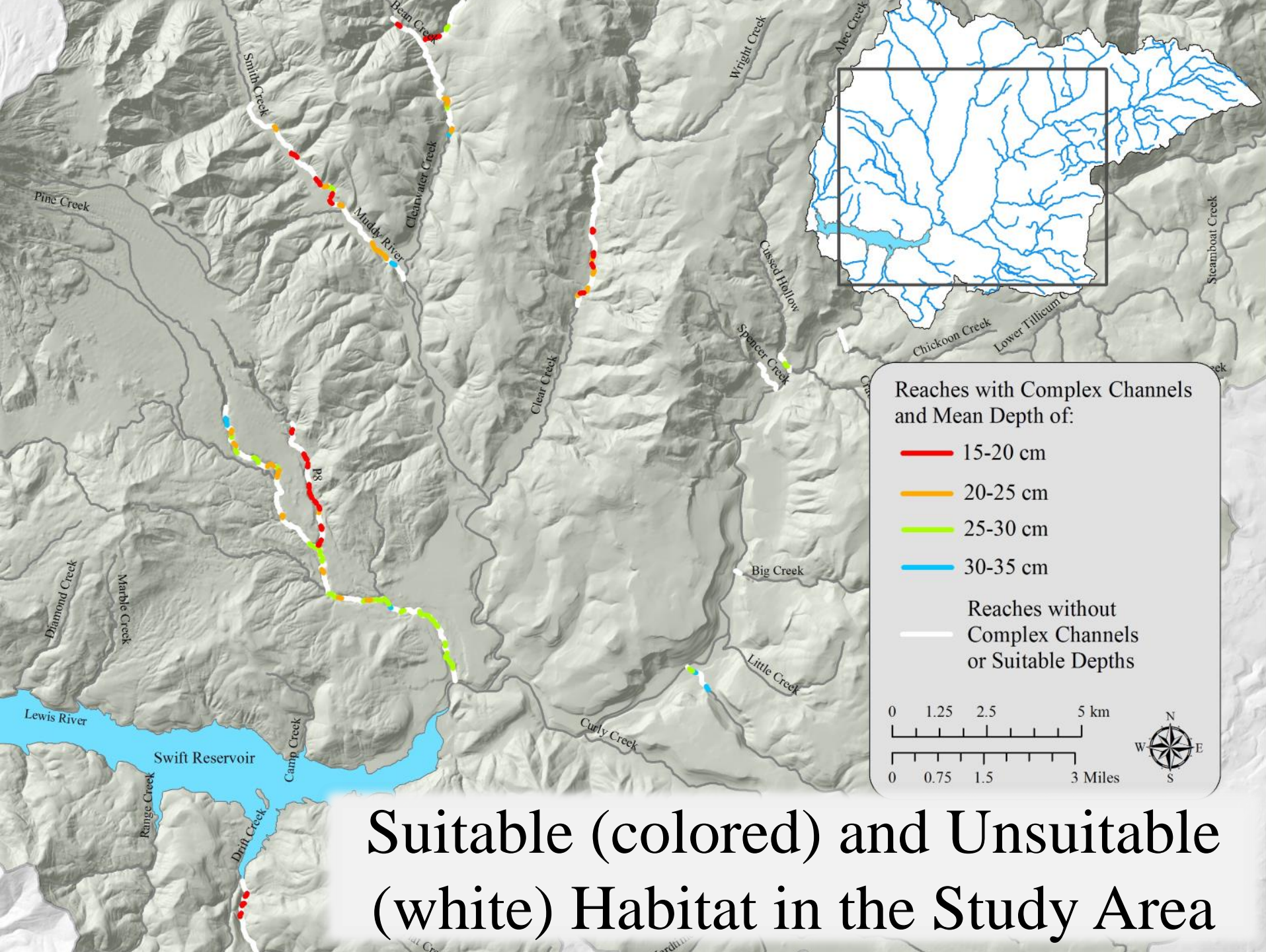


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# Bull Trout Redds were Constructed Near Stream Margins



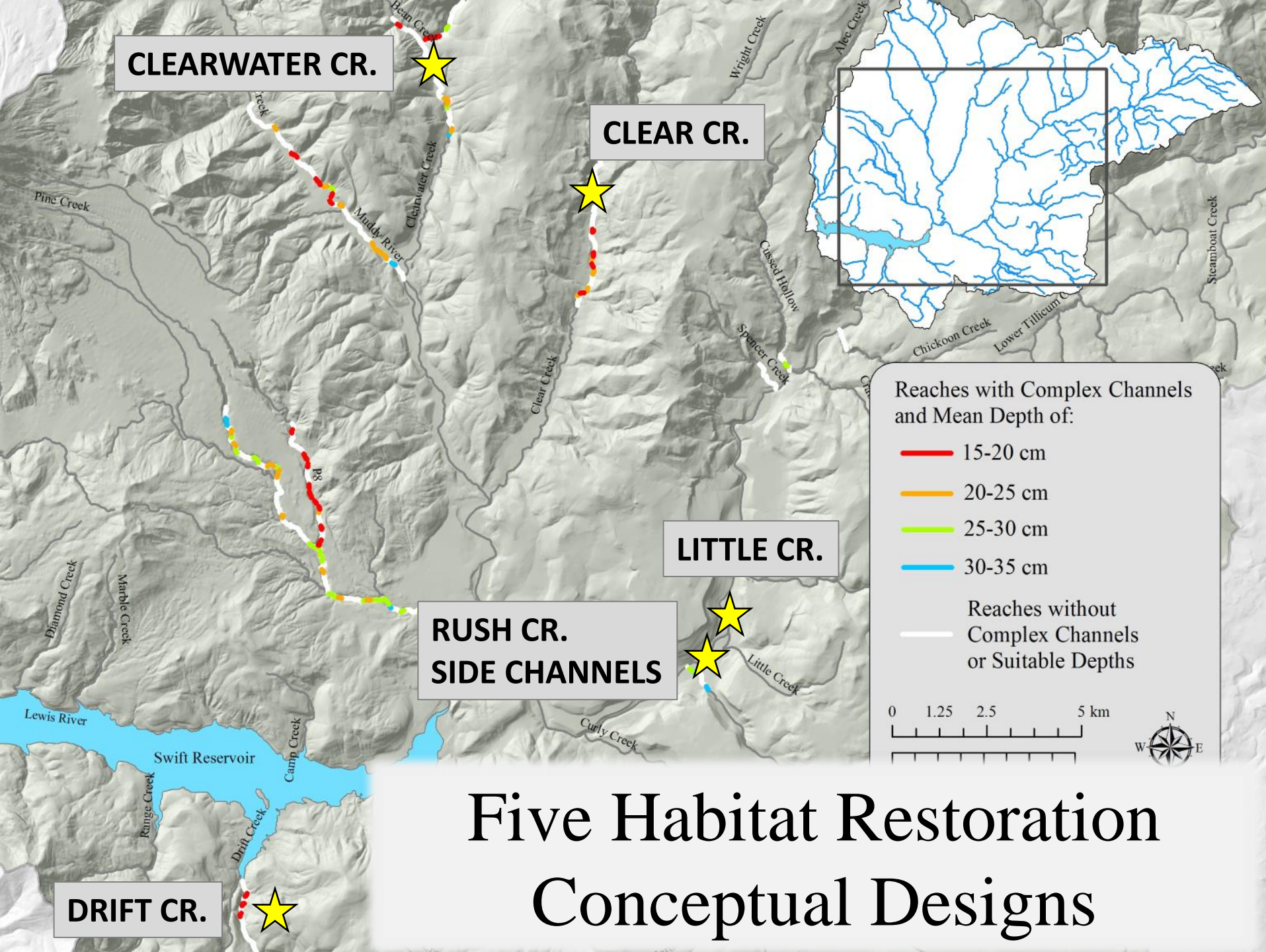
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# Bottom Line Conclusions

- Stream temperature important
- Proximity to source populations
- Increase habitat complexity and create suitable depths in coldest accessible reaches

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# Five Habitat Restoration Conceptual Designs

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## 1) Little Creek

Temperature: Great (9 C)

Proximity: Great (~ 1 km)

Habitat: Functional

Recommendation: PIT array

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# Five Conceptual Designs

## 2) Rush Creek Side Channels

Temperature: Great ( $<12$  C)

Proximity: Great ( $< 0.5$  km)

Habitat: Evolving

Recommendation: Needs to stabilize

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# Five Conceptual Designs

## 3) Drift Creek

Temperature: Okay (~16 C)

Proximity: Relatively close to Pine (9 km)

Habitat: Could be improved

Recommendation: Increase complexity and recruit spawning substrate with LWD; Retain LWD

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# Five Conceptual Designs

## 4) Clear Creek

Temperature: Okay (16 – 17.5 C)

Proximity: Not so close to Pine and Rush

Habitat: Could be improved

Recommendation: Decrease depth, increase complexity

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# Five Conceptual Designs

## 5) Clearwater Creek

Temperature: Okay (15 – 17.5 C)

Proximity: Furthest from Pine and Rush

Habitat: Could be improved

Recommendation: Increase suitable depths and complexity

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# THE END



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