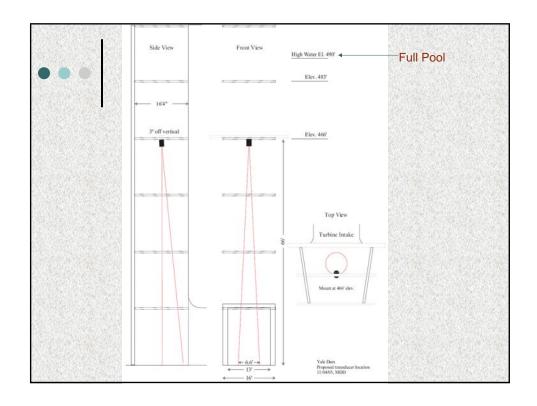
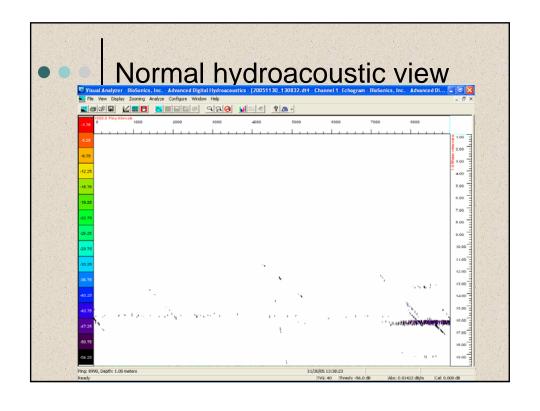


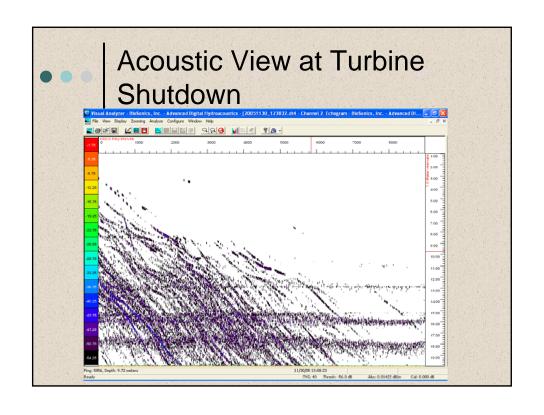
## • • Methods

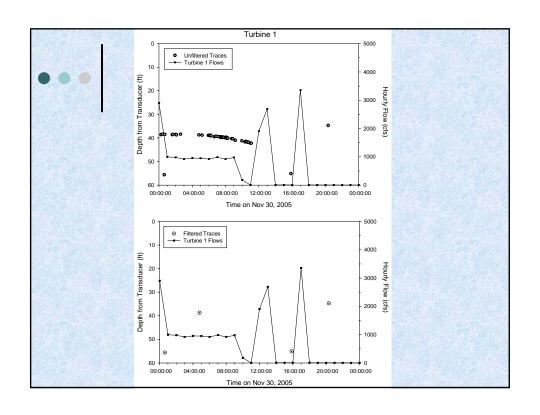
- Hydroacoustic detection
  - 2 transducers one over each turbine intake
  - 24/7 monitoring from Nov. 2005 to July 2006
- Video recording
  - Two 4-hour blocks per day

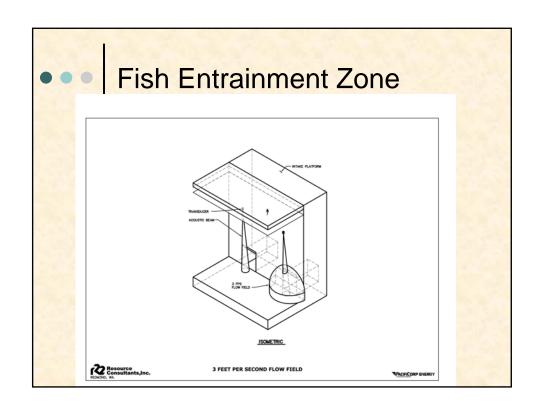


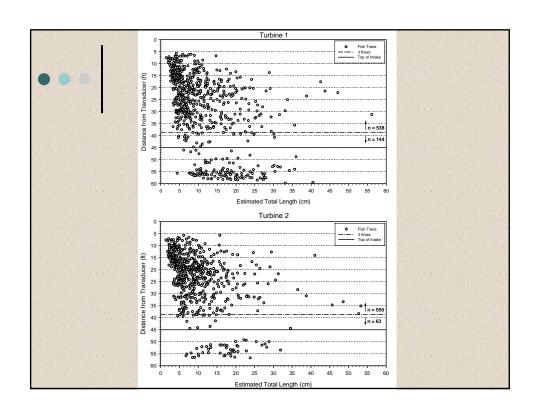
# Two Data Questions 1) Are all the targets actual fish? 2) Are all the fish within the detection area actually entrained?













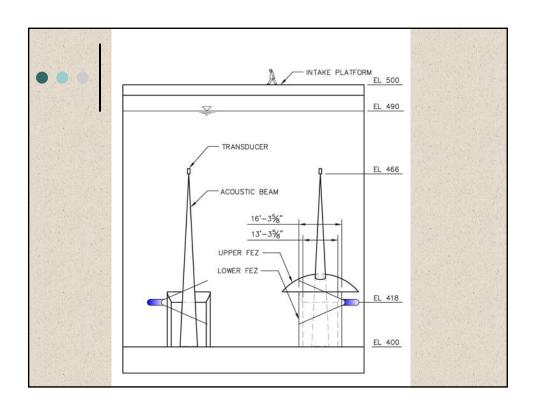
## Hydroacoustic Results

- o Turbine 1
  - Weighted total of entrained fish = 796
  - Mean fish length = 17 cm (6.7 in.)
  - Mean Daily entrainment rate = 0.26 f/h
- o Turbine 2
  - Weighted total of entrained fish = 336
  - Mean fish length = 16 cm (6.3 in.)
  - Mean Daily entrainment rate = 0.14 f/h

# • • •

# What Species are Being Entrained?

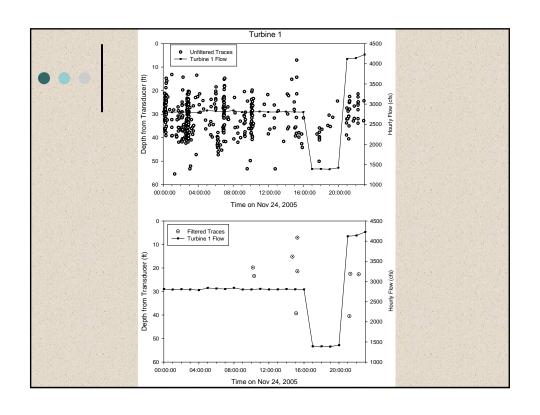
- Video Analysis
  - 616 hours of record
  - 2 blocks per day
    - 0600 to 1000 hrs
    - 1600 to 2000 hrs

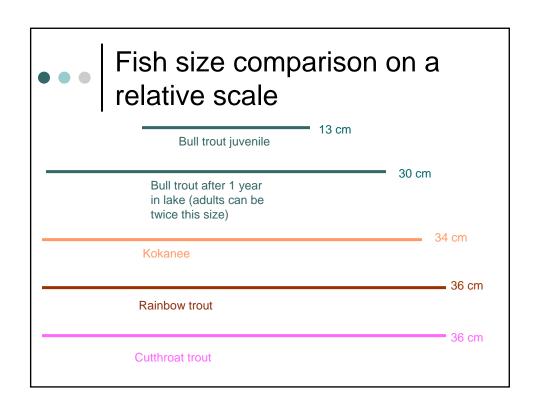


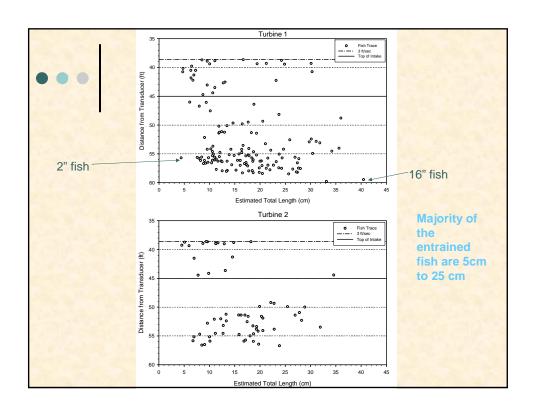
# Video Results

- Only two fish actually observed that could be positively identified
- Video field too small to be useful

# Comparison to 1997 Entrainment Study 1997 2006 Duration 11 weeks Random samples 28.5 fish per hour 50,780 total fish 138 mm (5.4 in.) No FEZ Comparison to 1997 Entrainment Study 0 1997 0 2006 Continuous 0 1918 per hour 0 1,132 total fish 0 178 mm (7 in.) 0 Used FEZ









## Recommendation

- Based on size statistics, bull trout are not likely the primary species being entrained through the turbines
- Most likely that bull trout enter Lake Merwin via the Yale spillway
- Entrainment reduction device does not seem warranted for protection of bull trout.