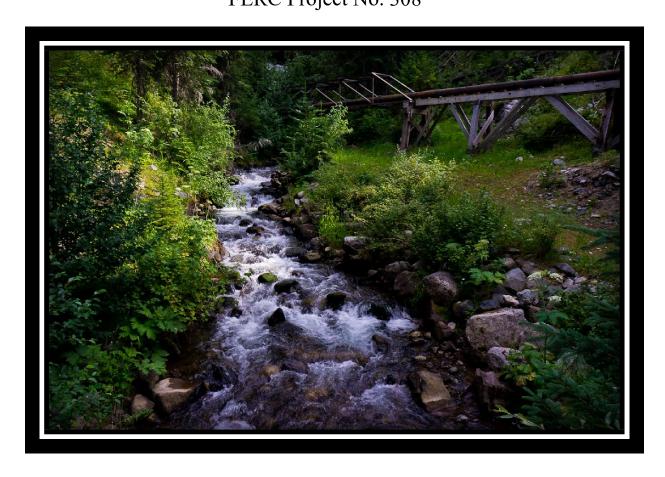
# **2022 Noxious Weed Control Plan Annual Report**

Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project FERC Project No. 308





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### 1.0 Introduction

The Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project (FERC Project No. 308) received a new operating license from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission) on January 5, 2017 (FERC 2017). Article 415 of the FERC license required PacifiCorp to file a noxious weed control plan (NWCP) with FERC within 6 months from the date of the license issuance (July 5, 2017):

Article 415. Noxious Weed Control Plan. The revised Noxious Weed Control Plan required by Appendix B, condition 6, must be developed after consultation with the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The licensee must include with the plan documentation of consultation, copies of comments and recommendations on the completed plan after it has been prepared and provided to the agencies, and specific descriptions of how the agencies' comments are accommodated by the plan. The licensee must allow a minimum of 30 days for the agencies to comment and to make recommendations before filing the plan with the Commission. If the licensee does not adopt a recommendation, the filing must include the licensee's reasons, based on project-specific information.

The Commission reserves the right to require changes to the plan. Implementation of the plan must not begin until the licensee is notified by the Commission that the plan is approved. Upon Commission approval, the licensee must implement the plan, including any changes required by the Commission.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Forest Service Final Section 4(e) Conditions were filed on February 16, 2016, and included as Appendix B in FERC license (FERC 2017). The following conditions apply to the NWCP (PacifiCorp 2017):

Condition No. 6 – Noxious Weed Management Plan (NWMP) The Licensee shall, within six months following License issuance, revise the Noxious Weed Management Plan (NWMP), Appendix K, Volume III of the FLA [Final License Application] (February 2015), in consultation with the USDA Forest Service. The NWMP shall include measures A through D below and must meet USDA Forest Service standards, guidelines, methods, and monitoring protocols for actions undertaken on National Forest Service (NFS) lands. The NWMP shall be filed with the Commission for approval. After Commission approval, the Licensee shall immediately implement the NWMP.

A. The Licensee shall implement applicable noxious weed control measures found in invasive plant management direction for the Pacific Northwest Region and/or the Wallowa-Whitman National Forest Land and Resource Management Plan, as amended for the period of the License. Future changes or modifications to the management direction will require the Licensee to coordinate with the USDA Forest Service at the Annual Resource Coordination Meeting required in Condition 5 to ensure the Licensee's implementation activities comply with those changes or modifications.

- B. The Licensee shall survey and treat noxious weeds on NFS lands within the FERC Project Boundary for three (3) consecutive years between June 1 and July 31 following construction or maintenance activities described in the FLA. If for three consecutive years, no noxious weeds are detected during the annual surveys, then survey intervals shall shift to a biennial schedule until a noxious weed infestation is detected. Control methods that will effectively control all Class A and other target weeds shall be implemented the same year as detection as allowed by U.S. Forest Service Pacific Northwest Region Invasive Plant Program, Preventing and Managing Invasive Plants (April 2005a) and Record of Decision (ROD) (October 2005b).
- C. The exact timing between June 1 and July 31 are recommended to implement control methods for optimal effectiveness in association with the guidelines provided by U.S. Forest Service Pacific Northwest Region Invasive Plant Program, Preventing and Managing Invasive Plants (April 2005a) and Record of Decision (ROD) (October 2005b). Manual control methods shall include measures including but not limited to reseeding, mulching and supplemental irrigation to ensure establishment of non-noxious vegetation in treated areas.
- D. The Licensee shall ensure that: a) ground cover in treated areas equals or exceeds 80 percent of that in an undisturbed control area with similar vegetation and is adjacent to the Project area and b) species composition in disturbed areas equals or exceeds 75 percent non-weedy species. If the standards above are not feasible or achievable, the Licensee shall consult and coordinate with the USDA Forest Service to develop suitable alternatives.
- E. The Licensee shall include a status report in its Annual Report, required by Condition No. 5 Resource Coordination, describing activities related to weed control, assessment of weed areas, and identification of future efforts to control noxious weed spread and colonization within the Project boundary.

PacifiCorp submitted the Noxious Weed Control Plan (NWCP) to the Commission on June 1, 2017, pursuant to Article 415 and the Forest Service Final Section 4E Conditions included as Appendix B of the FERC license. A FERC order approving NWCP was issued by the Commission on July 25, 2017. PacifiCorp implemented the NWCP in 2017 prior to receiving the Commission approval to ensure that noxious weed monitoring and control methods were completed during the growing season and would optimize effectiveness.

This report complies with the FERC License Appendix B USDA, Forest Service Final Section 4(e) Condition No. 5- Resource Coordination requiring PacifiCorp to provide an Annual Report to Wallowa Whitman National Forest (WWNF) on the status of the NWCP activities for that year (FERC 2017). The status report should be completed by December 1 each year to allow for at least a 30-day review prior to the Annual Resource Coordination meeting. This status report will only apply to the Project Boundary as described in Section 2.0 and shown in Appendix A and includes the following information:

- The current year Invasive Plant Inventory Forms
- A description of the control methods, operation and maintenance, and success of the control methods conducted that year and the accompanying treatment forms [Herbicide Application (2510), Insect Release (2550), and/or Mechanical/Physical Treatment (2530)
- Future anticipated soil disturbing activities, noxious weed prevention methods to be conducted, and identification of future efforts to control noxious weed spread and colonization for the following year within the Project Boundary
- Future expected efforts and a schedule for monitoring
- Compliance with the current Wallowa Whitman National Forest, State and Local regulations for weed management activities
- Results of revegetation success for all ground disturbance activities

### 2.0 Project location

The Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project is located on the East Fork Wallowa River near the town of Joseph, Oregon in Wallowa County. The project powerhouse discharges into the West Fork Wallowa River upstream of Wallowa Lake (Figure 1).

The Project Boundary is an estimated 26 acres and encloses project operations, such as Royal Purple Creek Diversion Dam, the pipeline and open channel conveying water from the Royal Purple Creek Diversion Dam to the East Fork Dam and impoundment, penstock, powerhouse, transmission line, and non-project substation (FERC 2017). Portions of the access road, tailrace, and Pacific Park Campground are also included within the Project Boundary (FERC 2017). Approximately half of the lands within the Project Boundary are owned by PacifiCorp and the other half are on federal lands managed by WWNF. Appendix A shows the Project Boundary and the associated features.

Areas within the Project Boundary may be more susceptible to noxious weeds due to exposed soils and/or are adjacent to frequent human activity. Therefore, the Project Boundary is differentiated into three noxious weed priority areas to prioritize monitoring, prevention, and control methods accordingly. Noxious weed priority areas are defined as follows and are shown on Appendix A.

**High Priority**: areas with frequent or continued soil disturbance, frequent or constant exposure to weed seed vectors, or is known to have existing noxious weeds. These areas include the campground, forebay area, and portions of the WWNF trail within the Project Boundary.

**Medium Priority**: areas with prior or frequent soil disturbance but low exposure to weed seed vectors. Examples of this would include the access road and penstock.

**Low Priority**: areas that have intact soils and a low exposure to weed seed vectors. Examples of this would include talus slopes and forested areas away from high use areas.

These areas may be modified as needed to adjust for changes in the Project Boundary or public use (e.g., new trails etc.). In 2019 the new tailrace location was identified as a High Priority Noxious Weed area due to the 2019 construction and expected exposure to weed seed vectors.

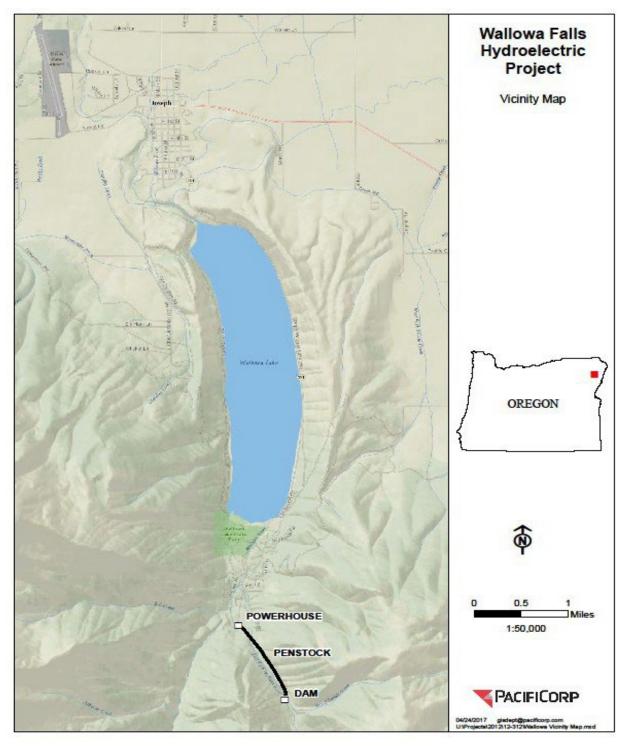


Figure 1: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project Vicinity Map

## 3.0 Regulation and Compliance

A comprehensive review of current and applicable WWNF, State and local regulations was completed. The laws are as follows and PacifiCorp complied with these regulations and guidelines for all noxious weed monitoring and management in 2022:

#### 3.1 USFS and WWNF regulations guidelines

The following USFS documents were used as guidelines and reference for all noxious weed monitoring and control methods implemented in 2022:

- Land and Resource Management Plan Wallowa-Whitman National Forest, as amended (USFS 1990).
- Pacific Northwest Region Invasive Plant Program Preventing and Managing Invasive Plants Final Environmental Impact Statement (USFS 2005a).
- Pacific Northwest Region Invasive Plant Program Preventing and Managing Invasive Plants Record of Decision. (USFS 2005b).
- Wallowa-Whitman National Forest Invasive Plants Treatment Project Final Environmental Impact Statement. (USFS 2010a).
- Wallowa-Whitman National Forest Invasive Plant Treatment Project Record of Decision. (USFS March 2010b).

#### 3.2 Oregon Revised Statues

The following Oregon Revised Statues (ORS) are chapter 569 Weed Control that provide state and county authority to manage noxious weeds and are applicable to NWCP:

#### 2015 ORS 569.175 applicable definitions:

- (1) "Noxious weed" means a terrestrial, aquatic or marine plant designated by the State Weed Board under ORS 569.615 as among those representing the greatest public menace and as a top priority for action by weed control programs.
- (2) "Person" means a person as defined in ORS 174.100 (Definitions), the federal government or any of its agencies, the State of Oregon or any of its agencies, or any city, county, district or municipal corporation of this state

#### 2015 ORS 569.185 State Department of Agriculture authority:

(13) Request any person owning or controlling land within this state to control, prevent the spread of or, when feasible, eradicate noxious weeds, and to supervise such activities.

#### 2015 ORS 569.350 Necessity of eradication of weeds:

Noxious weeds have become so thoroughly established and are spreading so rapidly on state, county and federally owned lands, as well as on property in individual ownership and in transition to county ownership through tax delinquency, that they hereby are declared a menace to the public welfare. While it is recognized that complete eradication may not be practicable, it hereby is established that steps leading to eradication and control are

necessary and that responsibility rests not only on the individual landowner and operator but also on the county, state and federal government, and that the county, state and federal government should cooperate with individual owners in the control and eradication of noxious weed pests.

#### 3.3 Noxious Weed Monitoring List

State of Oregon and Wallowa County maintain a list of target Noxious Weeds that are separated into the following three categories for prioritizing management (Oregon Department of Agriculture 2020):

A listed Weed: A weed of known economic importance which occurs in the state in small enough infestations to make eradication or containment possible; or is not known to occur, but its presence in neighboring states make future occurrence in Oregon seem imminent.

Recommended action: Infestations are subject to eradication or intensive control when and where found.

**B listed Weed**: A weed of economic importance, which is regionally abundant, but which may have limited distribution in some counties.

Recommended action: Limited to intensive control at the state, county or regional level as determined on a site specific, case-by-case basis. Where implementation of a fully integrated statewide management plan is not feasible, biological control (when available) shall be the primary control method.

**T Designated Weed:** A designated group of weed species that are selected and will be the focus for prevention and control by the Noxious Weed Control Program. Action against these weeds will receive priority. T designated noxious weeds are determined by the Oregon State Weed Board and directs Oregon Department of Agriculture to develop and implement a statewide management plan. T designated noxious weeds are species selected from either the A or B list.

The following table is a list of species included in the 2022 NWCP monitoring:

Table 1: 2022 Oregon State and Wallowa County Listed Noxious Weeds

Common Name <sup>2,3</sup>	Scientific Name <sup>1,2</sup>	Oregon State Category <sup>2</sup>	Wallowa County Category <sup>3</sup>
Absinthe Wormwood*	Artemisia absinthium		В
African Rue	Peganum harmala	A (T)	
Annual Bugloss*	Anchusa officialis		В
Armenian blackberry (Himalayan blackberry) *	Rubus armeniacus	В	В
Atlantic Ivy	Hedera hibernica	В	

Table 1: 2022 Listed Oregon and Wallowa County Listed Noxious Weeds (continued)

Common Name <sup>2,3</sup>	Scientific Name <sup>1,2</sup>	Oregon State Category <sup>2</sup>	Wallowa County Category <sup>3</sup>
Bachelor Button*	Centaurea cyanus		В
Barbed goatgrass	Aegilops triuncialis	A(T)	
Biddy-biddy	Acaena novae-zelandiae	В	
Bigseed dodder	Cuscata indecora	В	
Bohemian Knotweed	Polygonum behemicum		A
Buffalobur	Solunum rostratum	В	
Bull thistle**	Cirsium vulgare	В	
Bur Buttercup*	Ceratocephala testiculata		В
Butterfly bush	Buddleja davidii	В	
Camelthorn	Alhagi pseudalhag	A	
Canada thistle**	Cirsium arvense	В	В
Cape Ivy	Delairea odorata	A (T)	
Chicory*	Cichorium intybus		В
Coltsfoot	Tussilago farfara	A	
Common Bugloss*	Anchusa officinalis	B(T)	A(T)
Common Burdock**	Arctium minus		В
Common cordgrass	Spartina anglica	A	
Common crupina*	Crupina vulgaris	В	В
Common frogbit	Hydrocharis morsus- range	A	
Common reed	Phragmites australis	В	
Common Tansy	Tanacetum vulgare		A
Common Teasel	Dipsacus fullonum		В
Creeping yellowcress	Rorippa sylvestris	В	
Cut-leaf Teasel	Dipsacus laciniatus	В	
Dalmatian Toadflax*	Linaria dalmatica	B (T)	В
Delta arrowhead	Sagittaria platyphyla	A(T)	
Dense flowered cord grass	Spartina densilfora	A(T)	
Diffuse Knapweed*	Centaurea diffusa	В	В
Dyer's Woad*	Isatis tinctoria	В	T
English hawthorn	Crataegus monogyna	В	
English Ivy	Hedera helix	В	
Eurasian watermilfoil	Myriophyllum spicatum	В	

Table 1: 2022 Listed Oregon and Wallowa County Listed Noxious Weeds (continued)

Common Name <sup>2,3</sup>	Scientific Name <sup>1,2</sup>	Oregon State Category <sup>2</sup>	Wallowa County Category <sup>3</sup>
European water chestnut	Trapa natans	A	
False Brome	Brachypodium sylvaticaum	В	
False Hoary Alyssum *	Berteroa incana	A(T)	
Field Bindweed*	Convolvulus arvensis	В	В
Five-angled Dodder	Cuscata pentagona	В	
Floating Primrose Willow	Ludwigia peploides	B (T)	
Flowering Rush	Butomus umbellatus	A (T)	
French Broom	Genista monspessulana	В	
Garden yellow loosestrife	Lysimachia vulgaris	A (T)	
Garlic Mustard	Alliaria petiolata	B (T)	A(T)
Giant hogweed	Heracleum mantegazzianum	A (T)	
Giant Knotweed	Polygonum sachalinense	В	A
Giant reed	Arundo donax	В	
Goatsrue	Galega officinalis	A (T)	
Gorse	Ulex europaeus	B (T)	
Hairy whitetop *	Lepidium pubescens	В	A
Halogeton	Halogeton glomeratus	В	
Herb Robert	Geranium robertianum	В	
Himalayan knotweed	Polygonum polystachum	В	
Hoary Alyssum	Berteroa incana	A (T)	A(T)
Hoary cress whitetop*	Lepidium draba	В	
Houndstongue**	Cynoglossum officinale	В	В
Hydrilla	Hydrilla verticillata	A	
Iberian star-thistle	Centaurea iberica	A (T)	A
Indigo bush	Amorpha fruticosa	В	
Italian Thistle	Carduss pycnocephalus	В	A(T)
Japanese dodder	Cuscuta japonica	A	
Japanese knotweed*	Polygonum cuspidatum	В	T
Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	В	
Jointed goatgrass*	Aegilops cylindriva	В	B (T)

Table 1: 2022 Listed Oregon and Wallowa County Listed Noxious Weeds (continued)

Common Name <sup>2,3</sup>	Scientific Name <sup>1,2</sup>	Oregon State Category <sup>2</sup>	Wallowa County Category <sup>3</sup>
Jubata grass	Cortaderia jubata	В	
King devil hawkweed	Pilosella piloselloides	A	
Kochia*	Kochia scoparia	В	В
Kudzu	Pueraria lobata	A(T)	
Large-flower Primrose Willow	Ludwigia grandiflora	B (T)	
Leafy Spurge*	Euphorbia esula	B(T)	A (T)
Lens podded whitetop*	Cardaria chalapensis	В	
Lesser celandine	Ranunculus ficaria	В	
Long-Spine sandbur	Cenchrus longispinus		В
Matgrass	Nardus stricta	A (T)	
Meadow Hawkweed*	Hieracium pratense	B (T)	T
Meadow Knapweed*	Centaurea pratensis	В	A
Mediterranean Sage	Salvia aethiopis	В	A(T)
Medusahead Rye*	Taeniatherum canput- medusae	В	B(T)
Milk thistle	Silybum marianum	В	
Mouse-ear hawkweed	Pilosella pilosella	A (T)	
Musk thistle	Carduus nutans	В	A(T)
Myrtle Spurge	Euphorbia myrsinites	В	A(T)
Oblong spurge	Euphorbia oblongata	A (T)	
Old man's beard	Clematis vitalba	В	
Orange Hawkweed*	Pilosella aurantiacum	A (T)	A(T)
Oregano	Origanum vulgare		A(T)
Ovate goatgrass	Aegilops ovata	A	
Oxeye Daisy*	Leucanthemum vulgare		В
Parrot's feather	Myriophyllum aquaticum	В	
Paterson's curse	Echium plantagineum	A (T)	
Perennial peavine	Lathyrus latifolius	В	
Perennial Pepperweed*	Lepdium latifolium	B (T)	A(T)
Pheasanteye (Blooddrop) *	Adonis aestivalis	B (T)	
Plumeless Thistle*	Carduus acanthoides	A(T)	A
Poison Hemlock*	Conium maculatum	В	В
Policeman's Helmet	Impatiens glandulifera	В	

Table 1: 2022 Listed Oregon and Wallowa County Listed Noxious Weeds (continued)

Common Name <sup>2,3</sup>	Scientific Name <sup>1,2</sup>	Oregon State Category <sup>2</sup>	Wallowa County Category <sup>3</sup>
Portuguese broom	Cytisus striatus	B(T)	
Puncturevine*	Tribulus terrestris	В	A
Purple Loosestrife*	Lythrum salicaria	В	A
Purple nutsedge	Cyperus rotundus	A	
Purple Star-thistle	Centaurea calcitrapa	A (T)	T
Ragweed	Ambrosia artemisifolia	В	
Ravennagrass	Saccharum ravennae	A(T)	A
Reed Canarygrass (Ribbon grass)	Phalaris arundinaceae var. Picta	B (T)	В
Rose campion	Lychnis coronaria		A
Rush Skeletonweed*	Chondrilla juncea	B(T)	B(T)
Russian Knapweed*	Acroptilon repens	В	A(T)
Salt meadow cordgrass	Spartina patens	A(T)	
Saltcedar*	Tamarix ramoissima	B (T)	
Scotch Broom**	Cytisus scoparius	В	A(T)
Scotch Thistle*	Onopordium acanthium	В	B(T)
Shiny leaf geranium	Geranium lucidum	В	
Silverleaf nightshade	Solanum elaeagnifolium	A	
Slender flowered thistle	Carduss tenuiflorus	В	
Small broomrape	Orobranche minor	В	
Smooth Cordgrass	Spartina alterniflora	A (T)	
Smooth distaff thistle	Carthamus baeticus	A	
Smoothseed alfalfa (Dodder)	Cuscuta approximata	В	
South American waterweed	Egeria densa	В	
Spanish Broom	Spartium juneceum	В	
Spanish Heath	Erica lusitanica	В	
Spiny cocklebur	Xanthium spinosum	В	
Spotted Cats Ear	Hypochoeris maculata		T
Spotted Knapweed**	Centaurea maculosa	B (T)	A(T)
Spurge laurel	Daphne Laureola	В	
Squarrose knapweed	Centaurea virgata	A (T)	
St. Johnswort*	Hypericum perforatum	В	
Sulfur Cinquefoil*	Potentilla recta	В	B (T)
Swainsonpea	Sphaerophysa salsula	В	

Table 1: 2022 Listed Oregon and Wallowa County Listed Noxious Weeds (continued

Common Name <sup>2,3</sup>	Scientific Name <sup>1,2</sup>	Oregon State Category <sup>2</sup>	Wallowa County Category <sup>3</sup>
Sweetbriar Rose*	Rosa rubiginosa		В
Syrian bean-caper	Zygophyllum fabago	A	
Tall Buttercup*	Ranunculus acris		В
Tansy Ragwort*	Senecio jacobaea	B (T)	A(T)
Tree of Heaven*	Ailanthus altissima	В	
Tuarian thistle	Onopordum tauricum	A(T)	
Turkish Thistle	Carduss cinerus	A(T)	
Velvetleaf	Abultilon theophrasti	В	
Ventenata (North Africa grass)*	Ventenata dubia	В	В
Water soldier	Stratiotes aloides	A	
Waterprimrose	Ludwigia hexapetala	B (T)	
Welted Thistle*	Carduus crispis	A (T)	A(T)
West Indian spongeplant	Limnobium laevigatum	A	
White bryonia (white bryony)	Bryonia alba	A	A
White Campion	Siline latifolia		В
Wooly distaff thistle	Carthamus lanatus	A (T)	
Yellow archangel	Lamiastrum galeobdolon	В	
Yellow flag iris*	Iris psuedoacorus	В	A(T)
Yellow floating heart	Nymphoides peltata	A (T)	
Yellow hawkweed*	Pilosella floribundum	A (T)	
Yellow nutsedge	Cyperus esculentus	В	
Yellow starthistle*	Centuarea solstitialis	В	A
Yellow toadflax*	Linaria vulgaris	В	В
Yellowtuft	Alyssum coriscan	A(T)	

<sup>\*</sup>Noxious weeds are known to exist within Wallowa County 1,2

## 4.0 2022 Monitoring and Management

The following is description of noxious weed monitoring, control and other management strategies that occurred in 2022 within the Project Boundary.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Noxious weeds are known to exist within the Project Boundary (Bio-Resources 2022)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Natural Resources Conservation Service 2018 <sup>2</sup> Oregon Department of Agriculture 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Wallowa County 2022

#### 4.1 Prevention

Activities that disturb soils through the removal of native vegetation result in exposed ground that promotes the establishment of noxious weeds. Therefore, noxious weeds will be controlled prior to conducting any soil disturbing activity and the area will be revegetated to prevent noxious weed establishment. No ground disturbing activities occurred within the Project Boundary in 2022.

#### 4.2 Noxious Weed Monitoring

PacifiCorp contracted with local contractor, Kendrick Moholt (Bio-Resources, Inc.) to implement the NWCP monitoring and oversee control methods. The noxious weed monitoring surveys were completed by Kendrick on July 13, 2022, and included all high and medium priority noxious weed areas. A record of each noxious weed infestation has been documented on Invasive Plant Inventory Forms are provided in Appendix B. The table below provides a list of the noxious weeds' location and status.

One Scotch thistle (*Onopordium acanthium*) plant was found near the velocity barrier at the end of the tailrace. No meadow hawkweed plants were located in 2022. If either of these species is found to increase in the future, chemical treatment is recommended.

Table 2: Noxious Weeds Located in 2022 within the Project Boundary.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Oregon State Category	Wallowa County Category	Location
Scotch thistle	Onopordium acanthium	В	B (T)	Campground
Bull thistle	Cirsium vulgare	В		Trail
Canada thistle	Cirsium arvense			Trail
Common Burdock	Arctium minus		В	Trail
Houndstongue	Cynoglossum officinale	В	В	Trail
Oxeye daisy	Leucanthemum vulgare		В	Trail
Spotted knapweed	Centaurea maculosa	B (T)	A(T)	Road

#### 4.3 Control Methods

On July 28 and 30, 2022, a Bio-Resources, Inc. botanist (Mr. Moholt) performed a manual removal control operation targeting weeds within the Project Area. These techniques consisted of hand pulling individual plants, digging plants with a shovel, and the use of a string trimmer in the campground area. Manual control techniques were exclusively used on both PacifiCorp property and property managed by the US Forest Service. No chemical treatment was conducted in 2022.

### 4.4 Revegetation Success

All areas of prior ground disturbance within Project Boundary will be evaluated during the annual noxious weed monitoring to determine if the following criteria have been met:

- a) ground cover in treated areas equals or exceeds 80 percent of that in an undisturbed control area with similar vegetation and is adjacent to the area of ground disturbance and
- b) species composition in disturbed areas equals or exceeds 75 percent non-weedy species.

These areas will be monitored until the above criteria is met for 3 consecutive years. If the criteria cannot be met and is not feasible or achievable, then PacifiCorp will consult and coordinate with the US Forest Service at the Annual Resource Coordination Meeting. The 2019 construction at the forebay and tailrace realignment are monitored and have met this criterion in 2022.

## 5.0 2023 Monitoring and Management

The construction of the tailrace reroute and royal purple pipe extension began in 2019 and was completed in 2020. The royal purple pipe extension is currently within a high priority portion of the current Noxious Weed Monitoring Area. The portion of the new tailrace reroute has been included in the high priority area in the Noxious Weed Monitoring Area (Appendix A).

The planned 2023 noxious weed monitoring will include all high and medium priority areas within the Project Boundary (Appendix A) and noxious weed control will occur as needed. In 2022, the royal purple pipe was repaired following an eroding slope. Soil stabilization is being evaluated for the area and may require additional soil disturbance. As a result, this area will be a high priority for noxious weed monitoring and control in 2023. The USFS made the following recommendations that will be incorporated into the 2023 noxious weed monitoring and management:

- Photo points of noxious weed treatment sites will be established and taken at each Noxious Weed Monitoring survey to document the changes over time.
- Implement manual control, where possible, to minimize the use of chemicals.

We also recommend continuing post-construction weed monitoring and control efforts in the late summer/early fall through 2024. Particular attention should be paid to any meadow hawkweed that may germinate. Though never seen along the access road in past surveys, Scotch thistle (*Onopordum acanthium*) has been observed recently invading the valley below the Project boundary. If either meadow hawkweed or Scotch thistle are found, they should be aggressively treated with a chemical control. Other, less aggressive species may be more appropriately treated with mechanical methods.

### 6.0 References

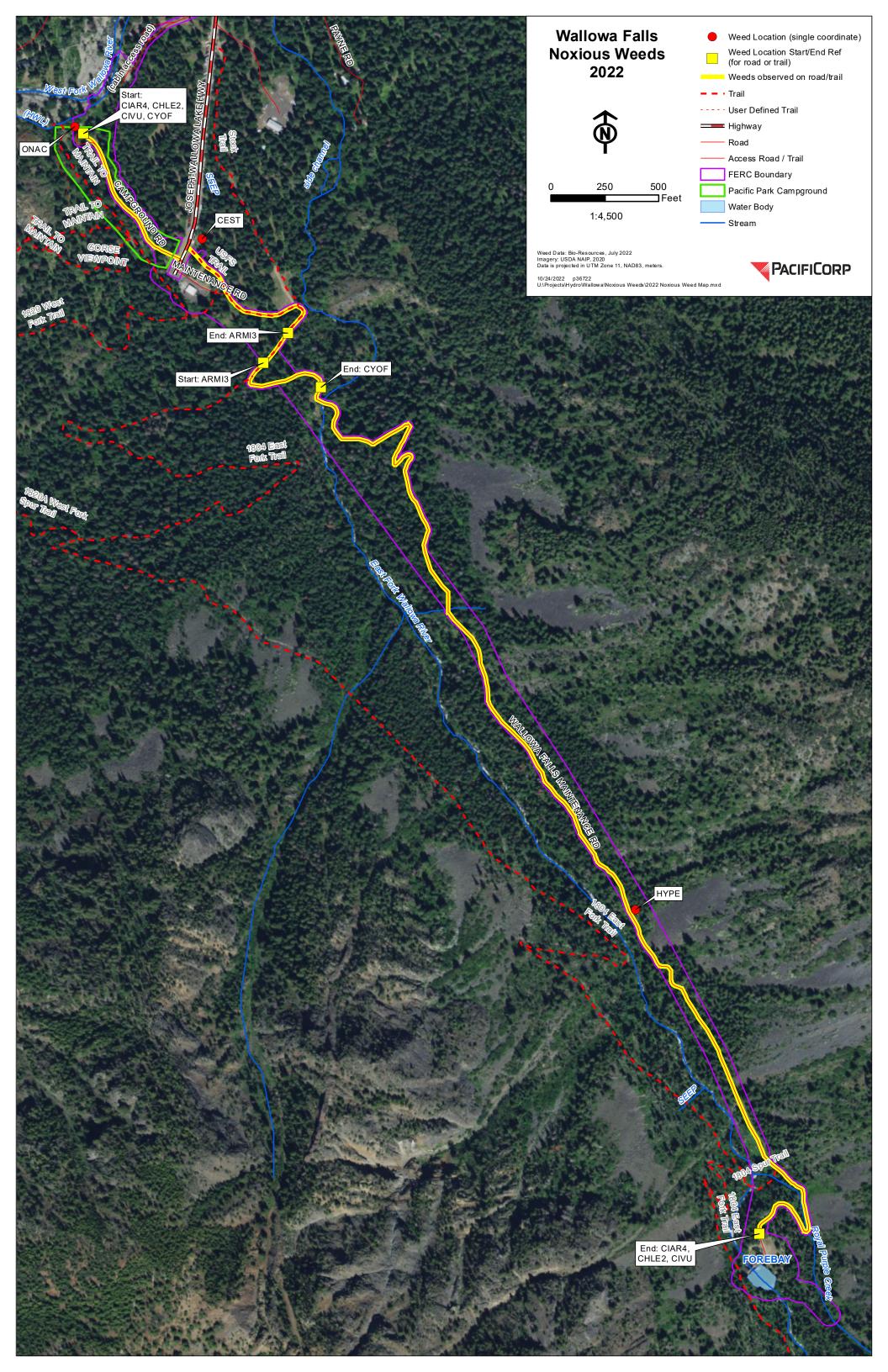
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  States Forest Service April 2005. URL: https://www.fs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE
  DOCUMENTS/ stelprd3812803.pdf. (April 20, 2017)
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  Treatment Project Final Environmental Impact Statement. United States Forest Service.
  March 2010. URL: http://www.fs.usda.gov/detail/wallowawhitman/landmanagement/planning/?cid=stelprdb5192845 (September 24, 2013).
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- Wallowa County. 2022. 2012 Noxious Plant List. URL: https://co.wallowa.or.us/public-works/vegetation/2017-noxious-plant-list/ (October 18, 2022).

# Appendix A

Noxious Weed Monitoring Area and 2022 Wallowa Falls Noxious Weeds Maps



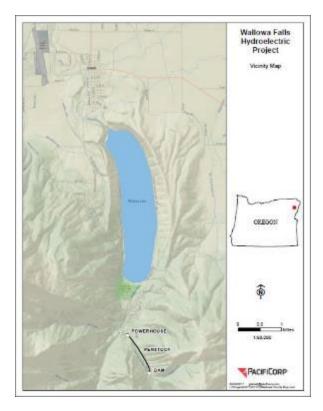
Appendix B Invasive Plant Inventory Form and Herbicide Application (2510) Forms

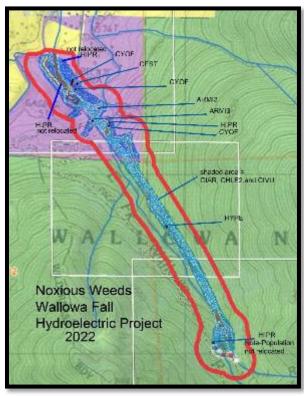
#### **General Site Information**

Site Name: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric P	roject	<b>Date:</b> 13 July 2022			
Photo Point (GPS):		Ownership/District: USFS, WWNF, Eagle Cap			
			and PacifiCorp		
Photo Name:			Examiner: Kendrick Mo	holt, Bio-Resources, Inc.	
Botanist Initial:	<b>Elevation:</b>		PS Coordinates:	Datum:	
Wildlife Biologist:	4700'-	04	483259 E 5012652N	UTM (NAD 27)	
Wilding Biologist.	5800' to			Zone 11	
		04	484159E 5011062N		
EDRR:YN GPS Fil	e Name:		Other Observations:		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.1				
Access: Road_ TrailX Riv	er_ Other o	cam	npground		
Township: 3SRange: 45E Section: 33 NW1/4 of			NW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , SW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> of NW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , NW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	of SW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , SE <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> of SW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	
Township: <u>3S</u> Range: <u>45E</u> Sec	tion: 29 SW !				
Township: <u>3S</u> Range: <u>45E</u> Sec	tion: 32 NE <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	of?	NE½		

#### **Site Data Information**

Target Species Code: CIVU Commo				on Name: Bull Thistle			
Scientific Name: Cirsium vulgare					Phenology: R B FL X_ S		
Distribution: CLumpedLinearSP Scattered Patchy_X_ Continu							
Total Acres: 26	Percent 1	Infested:	<1%		Infested Acres: ~0.10		
% Cover or Count (weeds): ~	-25			Unde	rstory Cover % (all):40-90%		
Potential to Spread: High	Med <u>x</u>	Low		Dista	nce to Water: >30m		
Water Type: Perennial Ephemeral			Syst	tem: L	_ake River Spring Stream		
Soil Types: sandy loam			Slop	oe % a	spect: 2-20%, Aspect variable		
Other Species on Site:							







Bull Thistle

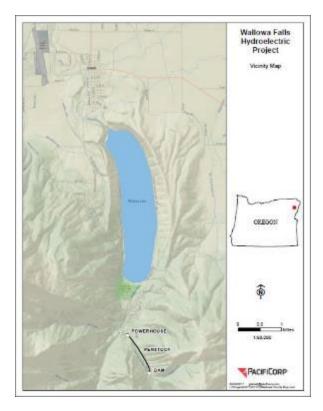
Cirsium vulgare

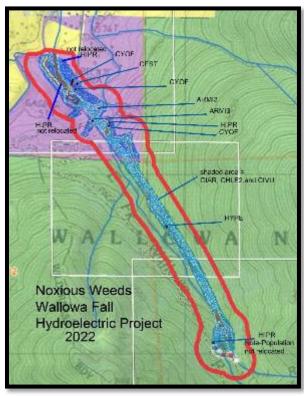
## **General Site Information**

Site Name: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project			<b>Date:</b> 13 July 2022			
Photo Point (GPS):			Ownership/District:USFS, WWNF, Eagle Cap			
			and PacifiCorp			
Photo Name:			<b>Examiner:</b> Kendrick Mol	holt, Bio-Resources, Inc.		
Botanist Initial:	<b>Elevation:</b>	_	PS Coordinates:	Datum:		
Wildlife Biologist:	4700'-	04	483259 E 5012652N	UTM (NAD 27)		
Wilding Biologisu	5800' to		•	Zone 11		
		04	484159E 5011062N			
EDRR:_Y_N GPS Fil	e Name:		Other Observations:			
Access: Road Trail X Riv	er_ Other o	cam	npground			
Township: 3SRange: 45E Section: 33 NW1/4 of			NW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , SW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> of NW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , NW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	of SW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , SE <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> of SW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>		
Township: 3SRange: 45E Section: 29 SW 1/4						
Township: <u>3S</u> Range: <u>45E</u> Sec	tion: 32 NE <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	NE½				

#### **Site Data Information**

<b>Target Species Code:</b> CIAV	Common	nmon Name: Canada Thistle				
Scientific Name: Cirsium arvense					Phenology: R B I	FLX S
Distribution: CLumpedLinearSP Scattered Patchy X_ Continu					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
Total Acres: 26 Percent Infested: <1%			Iı	nfested Acres: ~0.3		
% Cover or Count (weeds): ~10	000		U	nders	story Cover % (all):40-90	)%
Potential to Spread: High N	Med <u>x</u> L	.ow	D	istan	nce to Water: >30m	
Water Type: Perennial Ephemeral			System: Lake River Spring Stream			Stream
Soil Types: sandy loam			Slope	% asp	pect: 2-20%, Aspect vari	iable
Other Species on Site:						







Canada Thistle

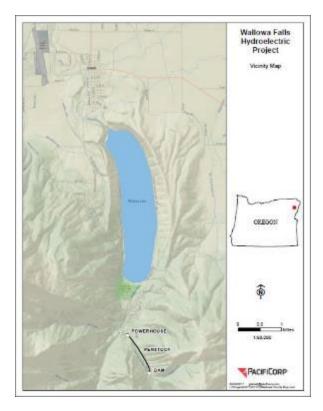
Cirsium arvense

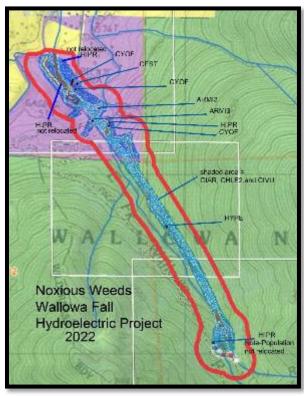
#### **General Site Information**

Site Name: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project			<b>Date:</b> 13 July 2022			
Photo Point (GPS):			Ownership: PacifiCorp			
Photo Name:			<b>Examiner:</b> Kendrick Mol	holt, Bio-Resources, Inc.		
Botanist Initial: Wildlife Biologist:	Elevation: 4700'- 5000'	<b>GPS Coordinates:</b> 0483488E 5012298N and 0483529E 5012336N		Datum: UTM (NAD 27) Zone 11		
	ile Name:		Other Observations:			
Access: Road Trail_X River_ Other Campground						
Township: 3SRange: 45E Section: 29 1/4 sec: SE of 1/4 sec: SE						

#### **Site Data Information**

Target Species Code: ARM	RMI3 Common Name: Common Burdock					
Scientific Name: Arctium minus				Phenology: R B FL X_ S		
Distribution: CLumpedLinearSEScattered even SPScattered Patchy X_ Continuous						
Total Acres: 26	Percent Infested: <1%			)	Infested Acres: ~0.1	
% Cover or Count (weeds): ~	-5			Understory Cover % (all):60-90%		
Potential to Spread: High	Med <u>x</u> L	ow		Distance to Water: >30m		
Water Type: Perennial Ephemeral Sys			Sys	tem: l	Lake River Spring Stream	
Soil Types: sandy loam	Slop			pe % a	aspect: 2-10%, Aspect variable	
Other Species on Site:						







Common Burdock

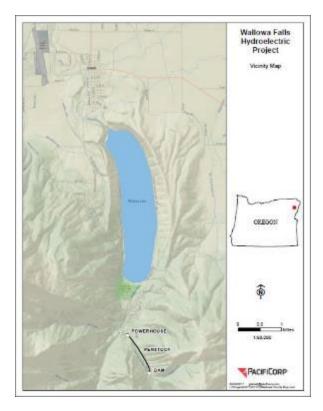
Arctium minus

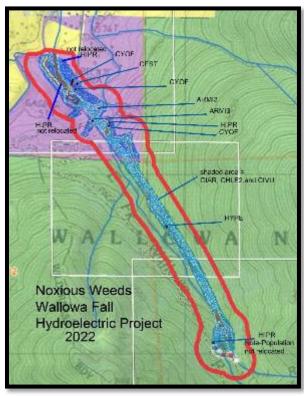
#### **General Site Information**

Site Name: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project			<b>Date:</b> 13 July 2022				
Photo Point (GPS):			Ownership: PacifiCorp				
Photo Name:			Examiner: Kendrick Mo	oholt, Bio-Resources, Inc.			
Botanist Initial:  Wildlife Biologist:  Elevatio 4700'- 5000'			<b>GPS Coordinates:</b> 0483297 5012651N and 0483577E 5012260N	Datum: UTM (NAD 27) Zone 11			
EDRR:YN	GPS Fil	e Name:	Other Observations:				
Access: Road Trail X River_ Other#							
Township: <u>3S</u> Range: <u>45E</u> Section: <u>29</u> ¼ sec: <u>NW</u> of ¼ sec: <u>SE</u>							
Township: 3SRange: 45E Section: 29 1/4 sec: SE of 1/4 sec: SE							

#### **Site Data Information**

Target Species Code: CYO	OF Common Name: Houndstongue								
Scientific Name: Cynoglossum officinale					Phen	ology:	R B_	FL <u>X</u>	<u>S</u>
Distribution: CLumpedLinearSEScattered even SPScattered Patchy_X_ Continuous									
Total Acres: 26	Percent Infested: <1% I			Infeste	d Acre	s: ~0.15			
% Cover or Count (weeds):	~60			Understory Cover % (all):40-90%					
Potential to Spread: High x	Med]	Low		Distance to Water: >30m					
Water Type: Perennial Ephemeral S			System: Lake River Spring Stream			eam			
Soil Types: sandy loam	Slope			pe % aspect: 2-10%, Aspect variable					
Other Species on Site:									







Houndstongue

Cynoglossum officinale

## **General Site Information**

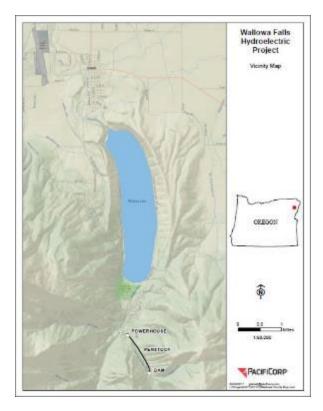
No meadow hawkweed <i>Hieracium caespitosum</i> (Synonym: <i>Hieracium pratense</i> ) were located during th	ıe
initial survey nor during control efforts in 2022.	

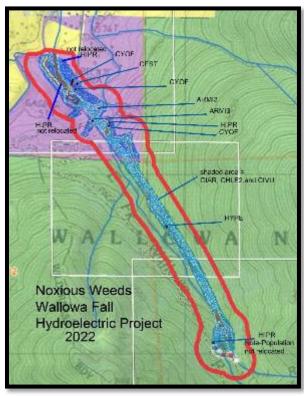
#### **General Site Information**

Site Name: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project			<b>Date:</b> 13 July 2022				
Photo Point (GPS):	-		Ownership/District:USFS	S, WWNF, Eagle Cap			
			and PacifiCorp				
Photo Name:			Examiner: Kendrick Mo	holt, Bio-Resources, Inc.			
Botanist Initial:	<b>Elevation:</b>	G	PS Coordinates:	Datum:			
Wildlife Biologist:	4700'-	04	483259 E 5012652N	UTM (NAD 27)			
Winding Breingist	5800'	to		Zone 11			
		04	484159E 5011062N				
EDRR:YN GPS Fi	le Name:		Other Observations:				
Access: Road Trail X Ri	ver_ Other	cam	npground				
Township: 3SRange: 45E Section: 33 NW <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> of N			NW1/4, SW1/4 of NW1/4, NW1/4	of SW1/4, SE1/4 of SW1/4			
Township: <u>3S</u> Range: <u>45E</u> Section: <u>29</u> <u>SW 1/4</u>							
Township: 3SRange: 45E Section: 32 NE <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> of NE <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>							

#### **Site Data Information**

Target Species Code: CHLE2 Common Name: Oxeye Daisy						
Scientific Name: Leucanthemum vulgare	Phenology: R B FL X_ S					
(Synonym- Chrysanthemum le	eucanthemum)					
Distribution: CLumped	LinearSE Scattered even					
SP Scattered Patchy X_ Continuous						
Total Acres: 26 Percent Infeste	d: <1% Infested Acres: ~1.0					
% Cover or Count (weeds): ~1000	Understory Cover % (all):40-90%					
Potential to Spread: High Med x_Low	Distance to Water: >30m					
Water Type: Perennial Ephemeral System: Lake River Spring Stream						
Soil Types: sandy loam	Slope % aspect: 2-20%, Aspect variable					
Other Species on Site:						







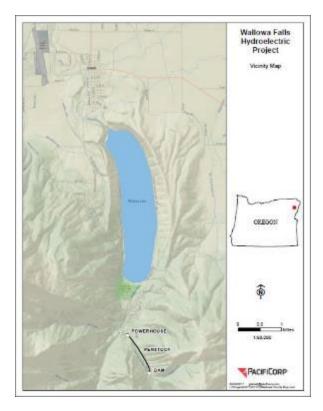
Oxeye Daisy Leucanthemum vulgare

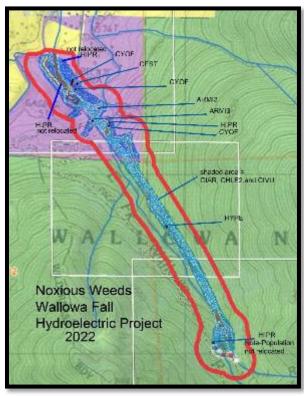
#### **General Site Information**

Site Name: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project				<b>Date:</b> 13 July 2022			
Photo Point (GPS):			1	Ownership: PacifiCorp			
Photo Name:				Examiner: Kendrick Mo	holt, Bio-Resources, Inc.		
Botanist Initial: Wildlife Biologist:		Elevation: 4700'-5000'	_	<b>PS Coordinates:</b> 83409E 5012480N	Datum: UTM (NAD 27) Zone 11		
EDRR:YN	GPS Fil	e Name:		Other Observations:			
Access: Road X Trail River Other Campground							
Township: <u>3S</u> Range: <u>45E</u> Section: <u>29</u> ¼ sec: <u>NW</u> of ¼ sec: <u>SE</u>							

### **Site Data Information**

<b>Target Species Code:</b> CEST	Common Name: Spotted Knapweed					
Scientific Name: Centaurea stoebe	•	Phenology: R B FL X S				
Synonym (Cente	aurea maculosa)					
Distribution: CLun	npedLinea	rSEScattered even				
SPScattered Patchy X Continuous						
Total Acres: 26 Percent	Infested: <1%	Infested Acres: ~0.25				
% Cover or Count (weeds): dozens		Understory Cover % (all):40-90%				
Potential to Spread: Highx Med	_Low	Distance to Water: >30m				
Water Type: Perennial_ Epheme	ral Sys	System: Lake River Spring Stream				
Soil Types: sandy loam	Slo	Slope % aspect: 2-10%, Aspect variable				
Other Species on Site:						







Spotted Knapweed (rosette)
Centaurea stoebe

#### **General Site Information**

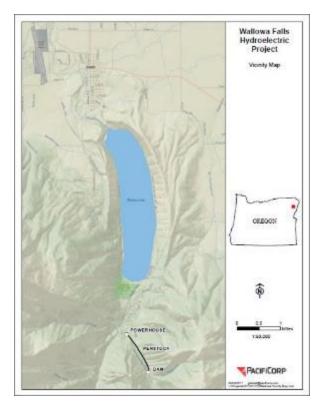
Site Name: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project				<b>Date:</b> 13 July 2022			
Photo Point (GPS):				Ownership: PacifiCorp			
Photo Name:				Examiner: Kendrick Mo	holt, Bio-Resources, Inc.		
Botanist Initial: Wildlife Biologist:		Elevation: 4700'-5000'		<b>PS Coordinates:</b> 83122E 5012854N	Datum: UTM (NAD 83) Zone 11		
EDRR:_Y_N	GPS Fil	e Name:		Other Observations:			
Access: Road Trail_ River_ Other: Campground							
Township: <u>3S</u> Range: <u>45E</u> Section: <u>29</u> ½ sec: <u>NW</u> of ½ sec: <u>SE</u>							

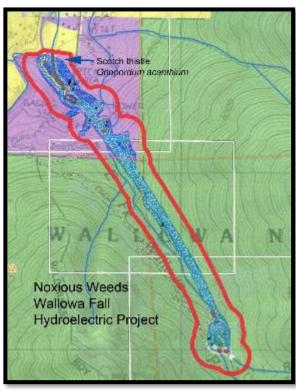
#### **Site Data Information**

<b>Target Species Code:</b> CEST	Common Name: Scotch Thistle						
Scientific Name: Onopordum acanthium				Phe	enology: 1	R B	FLX S
<u> </u>			SEScattered even				
SPScattered Patchy X Continuous							
Total Acres: 26	Percent Infested: <1%			Infest	ted Acres	s: ~0.01	
% Cover or Count (weeds): O	ne plant		Understory Cover % (all):40-90%				
Potential to Spread: High x	Med_L	LOW	Distance to Water: >30m				
Water Type: Perennial_ E	phemera	1 \$	System:	Lake_	_ River_	_Spring_	Stream
Soil Types: sandy loam	Slo			Slope % aspect: 1%, Aspect variable			
Other Species on Site:							

#### **Comments**

One blooming plant was found and removed.







Scotch Thistle (rosette)

Onopordum acanthium

#### **General Site Information**

Site Name: Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project				<b>Date:</b> 13 July 2022				
Photo Point (GPS):				Ownership/District:USFS, WWNF, Eagle Cap				
Photo Name:				Examiner: Kendrick Mo	holt, Bio-Resources, Inc.			
Botanist Initial: Wildlife Biologist:		Elevation: 5500'	<b>GPS Coordinates:</b> 0484018E 5011521N		Datum: UTM (NAD 27) Zone 11			
EDRR:YN	GPS Fil	e Name:		Other Observations:				
Access: Road Trail X River Other#								
Township: <u>3S</u> Range: <u>45E</u> Section: <u>33</u> ¼ sec: <u>NW</u>								

#### **Site Data Information**

Target Species Code: HIPE Common Name: St. John's Wort			
Scientific Name: Hypericum perforatum			Phenology: R B FL X_ S
Distribution: CLumped Linear SEScattered even SPScattered Patchy X Continuous			
Total Acres: 26 Pe	Percent Infested: <1%		Infested Acres: ~0.1
% Cover or Count (weeds): ~50		Understory Cover % (all): 90%	
Potential to Spread: High MedLow_X		Distance to Water: >30m	
Water Type: Perennial Systematical Systematical_		System:	Lake River Spring Stream
Soil Types: sandy loam		Slope % aspect: 2%, 230°	
Other Species on Site:			

#### **Comments**

Approximately 1 mile from trailhead on Wallowa Falls Maintenance Road (NE of the FS1804 trail switchback on the Sec. 32/33 border).

